

# HAZEL GREEN HERALD.

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Devoted to the Development of Eastern Kentucky.

\$1.00 A YEAR, Always in Advance.

VOL. III.

HAZEL GREEN, WOLFE COUNTY, KY., WEDNESDAY JUNE 15, 1887.

NO. 15.

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ATTORNEY-AT-LAW  
AND REAL ESTATE AGENT,  
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Will practice in all the Courts of Wolfe, Powell, Menifee and Breathitt counties.  
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Respectfully solicits the patronage of the public, and will attend promptly to all business entrusted to his care.

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**Deputy County Clerk of Wolfe,**  
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All calls attended to day or night.

## HOTELS.

**PIERRATT HOUSE,**  
HAZEL GREEN, KY.  
**J. H. Pieratt, Proprietor.**  
I am now running "the little hotel around the corner" on Broadway, and respectfully invite my former patrons and traveling people generally to "call and call and sleep by my bedside." J. H. PIERATT.

**DAY HOUSE, HAZEL GREEN, KY.**  
Newly Fitted and Refurnished.  
The best market afforded will be found upon the table at all times, and the public patronage is respectfully solicited. Guests will have ice and other luxuries to be had in first-class country hotels. In connection is a fine stable for horses and shed room for vehicles, in charge of good driver. Pasture area for horses.  
MRS. LOU DAY, Proprietress.

**SWANGO SPRINGS**  
AND BOARDING HOUSES.  
Harrison Swango, Proprietor.  
Every effort will be made to make every thing as pleasant for invalids and pleasure-seekers as possible during the coming season. Rates of Boarding, &c., very reasonable. Call on or address  
HARRISON SWANGO,  
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**COMBS HOUSE,**  
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**S. S. COMBS, PROPRIETOR.**  
The patronage of the traveling public is respectfully solicited. Comfortable beds, and every attention for the comfort of guests.

**A. DAVIS HOUSE,**  
SALYERSVILLE, KY.  
G. B. ADAMS, PROPRIETOR.  
This old and well known house has been thoroughly refitted and refurnished, and is now open for the reception of the public. Nothing shall be left undone to make Guest Comfortable. G. B. Adams.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

**WORKING CLASS ATTENTION.**  
We furnish all classes with comfortable beds, and the whole of the time, for their spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 25 cents to \$5 per evening, and a proportionate sum by devoting all their time to the business. Boys and girls can nearly as much as men. That all who see this may send their address, and take the business, we make this offer. To such as are not well satisfied we will send one dollar to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars and outfit Free. Address GEORGE STURGEON & CO., Portland, Maine.

## OUR HIDDEN WEALTH.

The Observations of a Tourist Through This Section.  
Dr. G. M. Ockford, of Lexington, just returned from a trip to the mountains of Southeastern Kentucky, and says:

"It is one of the richest it has been my lot to visit. I have visited the coal fields of Pennsylvania, been down among the mineral resources of other sections, but in no place have I ever seen such surface indication of mineral wealth as in the Kentucky mountains.

"There are valuable deposits of iron ore in Estill and Menifee counties. The old Estill furnace, which was built in 1831, is still operated, and its products in constant demand for car wheels. It produces a superior quality of iron, and, although it costs \$2 per ton to move it eleven miles to the railroad, at Clay City, yet the industry is a paying one.

"From the Kentucky Union Junction the rate to Lexington is 75 cents per ton, and to Louisville \$1.60 per ton. Under such circumstances, a direct road to the mines would enable the iron to be placed in Lexington at a much less rate than the cost of putting on the cars.

"There is a good vein of bituminous coal, which crops out at Beattyville, on the Kentucky river, and extends through Lee and Wolfe counties, appearing in thick veins near the headwaters of the Middle Fork of Red river. The veins at this point are nearly five feet in thickness. It appears to be the same vein of coal which extends all through these hills, and is a very high grade of coal. As we near Breathitt county we find veins of cannel coal, which extend as far southward as the Cumberland mountains. The veins in Breathitt vary from twenty-two inches in thickness, and some veins further south measure upwards of eight feet.

"There is no way to transport it. There are no good wagon roads in that section, and the only method of travel is by horseback or ox cart. Both of these are decidedly too slow for this century and the coal interests can never be thoroughly worked until railway transportation is provided.

"There is a mine thirteen miles South of Jackson and it is from a vein thirty-seven inches thick, seventeen of which is cannel, seventeen splint and three inches bituminous. Now, all these coals are good. The splint can readily be lighted with a match, and makes a first-class grate fire. The bituminous is hardly as good as the Lee and Wolfe county coal, but still is equal to most of the Kentucky coal sold in this market. The cannel is the only portion sent to the market, the splint not worth the cost of transportation. The mine is situated twenty miles from the river bank, and this two miles, carriage has to be done with oxen over a rough road. Then after getting to the river, frequently time is consumed waiting for high water, for there are shoals in the North Fork that prevent boats loaded heavily passing down when the water is low. Before railroads were built, numerous mines were worked all along the Kentucky river, and its precursors navigation was not considered to be seriously objectionable. But, as other coal districts became connected with railroad systems, the river route was discontinued and gradually abandoned.

"Near the river banks the forests have been materially thinned out, but back in the interior forests exist in almost their virgin denseness. There is a fine tract of white pine extending from Powell, through Wolfe, into Menifee. It contains 70,000 acres, and is of immense value, being the only tract of white pine found in the United States South of Michigan, and you know the Northwest is being denuded of its forests rapidly. In Breathitt and the counties south there is considerable walnut and a grand lot of poplar, ash and other mountain timber. Of course, I did not examine all the timber critically, but I saw enough to convince me that it is decidedly valuable. Another thing that is often overlooked is the valuable salt beds in Clay and other counties. There was a time when the Manchester salt works supplied this market, but the time has gone by when a merchant could get on his horse and ride two or three hundred miles for a bag of salt, and consequently the salt interests have all declined.

"The valleys and bottom lands are extremely fertile, and even the mountain sides and tops have in many places a good, deep soil. The country has never been taxed, for all the inhabitants care to raise is sufficient for home consumption. There is no way to get out of most of the mountain valleys save on foot or in the saddle, and neither of these methods is very satisfactory in moving surplus farm produce. The crying want of the country is efficient means of transportation, and with these once established, Southeastern Kentucky will rival the farming counties of the State in the profusion of its productions, and surpass many sections that are now considered superior in their resources."

## THE WORLD'S SILVER.

The Circulation of Which the National Banks Are Trying to Jeopardize.

The Director of the United States Mint estimates the coined silver circulation of the world at \$3,112,000,000. More than half the human family have no other money! The annual silver production of the world is \$117,500,000, of which \$36,500,000 is converted into coin, the balance is used in the arts. The silver products of this country is about \$5,000,000 are converted into articles of utility and ornament.

It is estimated that about one-twentieth of the silver coin is annually lost by abrasion, wear and casualties; an amount in excess of the annual addition by coinage. The world is not likely, therefore, to be deluged with silver. The United States produces \$50,000,000 of the \$117,000,000 of silver, of which one-half we convert into coin.

What a grand harvest our National banks would have if the coinage of silver was suspended and they were allowed to substitute their debts to fill the vacuum! It is said that the Sub-Treasurer at New York is an enthusiastic advocate of the scheme to transfer the silver bullion market from London to New York by dealing in it as other commodities, and making bullion certificates the basis of financial speculation. Of course by the suspension of silver coinage the speedy demonetization of the metal would soon follow. We denounce the conspiracy of capitalists to drive silver money from circulation as a high crime. Ours is the principal silver-producing country of the world, and its chief value consists in its being converted into coin, yet bankers and money-lenders are intent upon destroying this great source of wealth and instrument of exchange.

To secure the co-operation of those engaged in agriculture these conspirators refer to the fact that the price of wheat is regulated by the bullion value of silver. That as silver declines in price, wheat declines in corresponding ratio. If this is true, what will be the effect upon the wheat market if silver is demonetized and this metal is left to the bulls and bears to deal in as in other commodities? Of course its price will be merely nominal, gold being the only standard.

Why are our granaries filled with wheat, commanding a price less than the cost of production? Why have we no foreign market for our cereals? England, once a large buyer, gets her supply now from India. Silver is the only money in India. England buys up our silver bullion at 70 per cent in gold, coins it into the money of India and pays it out at 100 per cent for wheat. This is the reason why the American wheat rises or falls with the bullion price of silver. If silver was demonetized, its coinage suspended and bullion certificates left to the tender mercies of bankers, with Ex-Secretary MARSHALL as their chief, the price of American wheat would be still less in a foreign market unless silver is demonetized in India, which is not likely to occur.

On the other hand, if our Government would establish the unlimited coinage of silver England would have to pay par value for our bullion, and pay par value for grain in India, which would enable our farmers to compete with India in the wheat markets of Europe. It is then clearly to the interests of American farmers that silver should be appreciated in price relatively to gold, which can only be done by its unlimited coinage.

We admire the cunning and shrewdness of England's financier. She makes gold the only standard, renders

silver a cheap commodity, converts it into the money of India and then gathers up the breadstuffs in a depreciated coin at par. If the bullion gamblers of London can transfer to New York City, and still further, depreciate the bullion value of silver, destroy its use as money, they can close the markets of Europe against our cotton and breadstuffs, gather their supplies from their own dependencies, at a reduced cost, and pay for them in a depreciated coin. Will the American people be guilty of the supreme folly of furthering the designs of the money lords of England and of our own country who are confederating together to rob the producing classes of all countries?

The only way to defeat the robbers is for the United States to maintain its bimetallic standard, and coin without limitation or restriction both gold and silver.

If the three billions of silver coin were stricken from the world's circulation medium, what havoc and desolation would follow! All property, real and personal, would depreciate in price more than one-half, the limbs of labor would be paralyzed, destitution and starvation would be the portion of the working classes, and bankruptcy overtake all men of enterprise. The holders of gold and bankers would gorge themselves with the wealth of the world. To the extent that our American financiers are allowed to carry out their plan these disasters will be invoked. A great banker in New York says he sees no reason why silver should not be bought and sold like grain and oil. We see a thousand reasons why silver should not be made a mere article of merchandise, and we are assured that it can not be accomplished in any other way but by suspending its coinage and forcing its demonetization. One of the thousand reasons is, we believe, sufficient to array the people against the villainous design. With all the silver and gold which is available for coinage, the world's supply of money is inadequate of the needs of our rapidly increasing trade and commerce. If we have too much of either coin to suit the convenience of the people in their small daily transactions, the Government issue certificates upon the deposit of coin, which, with Treasury notes, will constitute an ample, safe and reliable circulating medium, without the aid of interest-bearing bankers' debts.

National bankers wish to supply their paper based upon the credit of the Government in place of silver and silver certificates. To make up any deficiency in the circulation by reason of a dearth of coin and coin certificates we demand that the Government shall issue its own notes, based upon its own credit, without the intervention of bankers. Secretary Chase, after deploring his agency in creating our banking system, predicted a terrible conflict in the future between the people and the banks.

The National Banks have commenced hostilities by making an assault upon silver coin, the money of the masses. We hope the people will be prepared to meet the enemy on their chosen field of battle.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

## Trouble Ahead.

When the appetite fails, and sleep grows restless and unrefreshing, there is trouble ahead. The digestive organs, when healthy, crave food, the nervous system, when vigorous and tranquil, gives its possessor no uneasiness of thought. A tonic to be effective, should not be a mere appetizer, nor are the nerves to be strengthened and soothed by the unaided action of a sedative or a narcotic. What is required is a medicine which invigorates the stomach, and promotes assimilation of food by the system, by which means the nervous system, as well as other parts of the physical organism, are strengthened. These are the effects of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, a medicine whose reputation is founded firmly in public confidence, and which physicians commend for its tonic, anti-bilious and other properties. It is used with the best results in fever and ague, rheumatism, kidney and uterine weakness, and other maladies.

Back numbers of THE HERALD containing the story of Helen Lakeman can be had at this office by all who wish to subscribe, and there is no better time to take the paper than right now. Try it a year. Only one dollar.

Horse Shoes and Horse Nails, Raps and Farrier's Knives and Hammers, at D. B. GARRISON'S, Mt. Sterling, Ky.

## BLOODY ROWAN.

Two More Killings Added to Her Criminal Calendar.

Another "little shooting" scrape" took place in Rowan county Tuesday, about three miles west of Morehead, in which only two men were killed and one dangerously wounded. The facts we have been able to gather them are these: W. H. W. Logan and Jackson Logan, (sons of Dr. Henry Logan, who is now in the Lexington jail charged with conspiracy to kill, etc.), Coon Logan, John Pignan and Nathan Fowles were charged with kluksing, and a warrant of arrest had been issued against them for this crime upon the affidavit of Hiram Cooper, who says they had given him a written notice to decamp. John Mannin, Marshal of Morehead, Mr. Hogg, Deputy Sheriff of Rowan, and posse went to make the arrest. They went to the home of the two first named Logans and finding them driving in their horses from the pasture, they made known their business, when the Logans ran into the house and went up stairs. The Marshal, Sheriff and posse went to the house and asked them to come down and surrender, but they refused to do it. Then Marshal Mannin said he would go up and get them, and started. He got as far as the foot of the stairway, when he was greeted by a load of buck-shot, which took effect in his left shoulder, inflicting a serious if not fatal wound. Mannin returned to his crowd one of whom then lighted some straw or shavings and threatened to burn the house if they did not come down. This scared the Logan boys (W. H. W. and Jackson) and they made a break for liberty, shooting at the Marshal, Sheriff and guards as they ran, when the whole posse fired and literally riddled them with balls and buck-shot. There were at least fifty shots fired.

Mannin, the Marshal, is a new-comer in Morehead, and has never figured in any factional difficulties. Craig Tolliver was his opponent in the race for Sheriff. Cooper, who swore out the warrants of arrest, and the parties against whom they were issued, have been identified and in sympathy with the Martin-Humphrey-Logan faction, "through-the-hall" seems to have had no connection with the factional strife and bloodshed in Rowan that has so long been a disgrace to the State.—Sentinel Democrat.

## MASONIC TEMPLE, MT. STERLING, KY.

And the Thousands of Things There Sold So Cheap by D. B. Garrison.

## THE GOLD DUST RANGE.

Is of wrought iron, and will last a lifetime. It has a large oven, fire-place and nickel trimmings. It is the equal of the St. Louis Home Comfort ranges which sold at \$65 and \$75, or any other range made. If you want a first class cooker, good for coal or wood, made at Louisville, where repairs can be had, get the Gold Dust, a six foot range with 30-gallon tank and all the vessels at \$50 and \$55. We offer it as the cheapest and best range in the world, and you would pay \$80 and \$95 for it if some smart-tongued agent were to present its merits at your door. You save ten dollars by buying it directly of the sole agent, D. B. GARRISON, Masonic Temple, Mt. Sterling, Ky., where the cheapest stoves in Kentucky are sold.

The Meikle plow is the cheapest and best plow in this market. Call and see it. D. B. GARRISON, Mt. Sterling.

Decorated China, Dinner, and Tea Sets, from \$2.50 to \$50.00. Best goods for the money. A full line of dishes, cheapest in Kentucky. D. B. GARRISON, Mt. Sterling.

Hoes, Rakes, Axes, Picks, Long Shovels, D. Shovels and Garden Forks cheap, at D. B. GARRISON'S, Mt. Sterling.

Stoves and Ranges, Hardware, Locks, Cutlery, Hinges, Nails, Bolts, Tools, Hoes, Rakes, Plain Dishes, Tinware, Glassware, etc., at lowest cash prices. Call and see us. D. B. GARRISON'S, Mt. Sterling.

Lanterns, with dash-board attachment—the best thing out—at D. B. GARRISON'S, Mt. Sterling.

The handsomest Chamber Sets ever made, as well as the cheapest, ranging from \$2.50 to \$20 for a ten-piece set. Call and see them. D. B. GARRISON'S, Mt. Sterling.

Step Ladders, four foot, \$1.25; six foot \$1.50; eight foot, \$1.75. At D. B. GARRISON'S, Mt. Sterling.

Barbed, annealed and galvanized wire at lowest prices, and everything else, at lowest rates. D. B. GARRISON, Mt. Sterling.



# HAZEL GREEN HERALD.

COOPER & BACK, Publishers.

HAZEL GREEN, - KENTUCKY.

## CURRENT TOPICS.

KANSAS has eleven unorganized counties. PRINCE LEOPOLD and suite are on their way home to Europe.

The fund for Mrs. Logan's benefit has been closed at \$67,000.

COLUMBIA, Neb., is to have street railways and a motor line.

A box car, complete, was found in four hours at Ansonia, Ala.

The American refugees in Canada are talking of forming a club.

The late Justice Woods' estate is valued at from \$100,000 to \$200,000.

A BRIDGE is to be built across the Missouri river at Sioux City, Ia.

FIDELITY's maximum daily gas yield would equal 2,500 tons of coal.

Invitations keep coming to the President to visit various portions of the country.

The proposed monument to General Lee at Richmond, Va., will not be begun until fall.

The New York Legislature has declared everlasting hostility to the English sparrows.

A PRETTY town named Gladstone has been founded in the San Gabriel valley, California.

No less than 25,000 persons ascended the Washington Monument during the year ending April 1.

THERE is a village in Wales with a name containing seventy-two letters and twenty-two syllables.

KANSAS will send 23,000 veterans to the National encampment, which is to be held in St. Louis in September.

ASTRONOMERS are discovering a good many of these celestial travelers otherwise known as comets, this year.

In one of the French schools there is a natural magnet which is said to be capable of lifting four times its weight.

At a recent type-writing contest in New York Miss M. C. Grant wrote 384 words in four minutes and forty-two seconds.

From one tree recently felled at Haverhill, O., it is said that 400 fence posts and twenty-two cords of stove wood were cut.

The Shah of Persia would like some enterprising American capitalist to help develop his kingdom by constructing railways.

RAIDIE MOYER, of Lansing, Pa., is ten years old, weighs 160 pounds, and is taking on fat at the rate of two pounds a week.

A RESIDENT of Savannah exhibits 174 large sweet potatoes, which were grown on a single vine. They completely fill a barrel.

PROF. CARL BRUNS, of Bates college, says that the "Devil's darling" needle has been stung at it, but he eats millions of mosquitoes.

A WALKING conservatory is the latest name for the florally decorated woman seen on the fashionable thoroughfares and in showy equipages.

DIVORCED women are barred from Queen Victoria's reception, but are allowed to religiously by the Queen, and she will make no exceptions.

After all it is consoling to reflect that the American dollar has been taken over to England by Henry Irving will be brought back by Hon. Buffalo Bill.

The British authorities have again declared that the Gate City Guards of Atlanta, Ga., will not be permitted to parade on English territory.

It is announced that it will take fully six months before the English government can discriminate by actual experiment whether coercion will coerce.

NEW YORK has a grocer named Coffey, a curried-hair dealer named Wilcomb, milk dealers named W. W. and a clothing firm named Taylor & Cutter.

THERE is considerable likelihood that at least a portion of the crown jewels of France will spend the winter at one of the American watering places.

RUSSIA has decided that the Russian language is good enough for Russian children, and this shall be the language of education throughout the empire.

ANGLOPHILES in the State of New York are being considerably annoyed by a law which makes the carrying of a trout less than six inches long a misdemeanor.

AN Alsatian who tattooed himself all over with "Vive la France" was imprisoned for six months when he came to be examined for admission to the German army.

The New York hotel men are now so well organized that out of the income from 20,000 guests a day they lose less than one per cent. of their profits by reason of beats.

A DENTIST doctor raises his solemn voice against cotton stockings for winter wear. He says they are destroying the women of New England with rheumatism and neuralgia.

GLASTONBURY has a library containing 15,000 volumes. Works on theology are the most numerous. He also has large departments devoted to Shakespeare, Dante and Homer.

When the time came for Theodore Baker to let the sheriff of Las Vegas know that he was ready to be hanged he said: "Let her go, Gallagher," and died without a struggle.

SOMEONE strolled into the sanctum of a Mississippi editor, and addressed him as a fastidious gentleman. "What?" he asked. "The intruder will edit his meals in bed until further notice."

A HAVENSBURY (Cr.) woman, who believed there was "nothing new" in having a bird fly in a house, chased a crow around and in doing so upset and broke a ten-dollar looking-glass.

It is James, according to a correspondent of the Reading Times, a man involved much better half as "my foot of a wife." The same sentiment often prevails here, but we lack the Japanese frankness.

## NEWS NOTES.

The Navy Department is informed that two supposed cases of cholera are reported at Tokio, Japan.

The jewelry firm of Chandler & Shader, Chicago, have made a record. Liabilities about \$25,000; assets \$21,000.

The Mayor of Syracuse, N. Y., refused permission to the John L. Sullivan combination to give a benefit at Madison Square.

Governor Hill has sent the named Colonel Fred Grant to the New York Senate for confirmation as United States Consul.

In the case of the State of Louisiana against the city of New Orleans, involving the McDonough tract of about 60,000 acres of swamp land, the Secretary of the Interior has decided in favor of New Orleans.

Major Ben Perley Poore, the veteran newspaper correspondent, was stricken down while at the Capitol, Washington, a few days ago, with an acute attack of Bright's disease. His condition is the cause of uneasiness and alarm among his many friends.

John Dawes' sons, the famous iron masters of Staffordshire and Yorkshire, Eng., have failed. Their liabilities are \$500,000, and it is thought their assets will realize very little more than the same sum.

The President has appointed Jared Lawrence Rathbone, of California, as Consul General at Paris.

Mrs. Mary Montgomery Gibson, wife of United States Senator Gibson, of Louisiana, died at the family residence in Washington a few days since.

C. S. Kingsley, alias S. C. Cooper, who claims to be a farmer from Kalamazoo, Mich., was arrested at Cleveland, O., the other day, on the charge of forgery at White Pigeon, Mich.

An Augusta, Me., dispatch says Mr. Birge and Mr. McArthur, his business agent, are to Europe, leaving early in June. The reason he assigns for the trip is poor health.

Mr. Manly and some other friends will accompany Mr. Birge.

Dr. Junker, the celebrated African explorer, states that he has received letters from Emin Pasha and his decision is to go to Europe, leaving early in June. The reason he assigns for the trip is poor health.

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## NEWS NOTES.

Secretary Lamar, in the case of certain Arkansas swamp lands, has decided that the Interior Department can take no further action in regard to the same.

These claims are subject to the restrictions imposed by the Legislature of Arkansas upon the Governor as so modified as to give the high official position in that city.

The President has recognized K. Korgard as Vice Consul of Portugal at Minneapolis.

The Irish college at Rome has printed and presented a long memorial to the Vatican, charging the Pope with infidelity.

The Iowa State Board of Health has voted to rescind the quarantine rules against Illinois calves and stock cattle.

Dr. Swift, director of the Warner Observatory, Rochester, N. Y., has received a telegram from Prof. Barnard, of the Vanderbilt University Observatory, Nashville, announcing the discovery of a new comet, in right ascension 15h. 15m. 40s. declination 30th 30d. 30m., and is moving slowly northward.

This discovery entitles Prof. Barnard to still another Warner comet prize.

The Washington hotelkeepers are beginning to fear that the National drill is not going to be a great success as very few persons, up to the present time, have applied for a license.

The Pope will, it is announced, communicate at once with Archbishop Corrigan, of New York, and the very Rev. Dr. McGlynn, His Holiness, it is stated, will in this communication approve the Archbishop's course toward Dr. Felt.

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## TEMPERANCE.

### IN GREAT BRITAIN.

What Has Come and is Coming Out of the Temperance Agitation.

Temperance in Great Britain reached its high water mark in 1875, in that year the estimated drink bill of her thirty three million people was \$735,000,000, or \$25,000,000 more than the estimated bill of its fifty-five million people! Had this rate of expenditure continued, England last year would have been \$905,000,000. Instead of this, it was but \$705,000,000. So much for financial statistics.

This decrease in the consumption of liquor has been due to the increased number of total abstainers. Wine-drinking is no longer a matter of course, and the churches, especially the dissenting churches, are taking hold of the Temperance question as of the first importance in their religious work. Even in Scotland, so famous for its drunkenness, this is being done.

The tide is true of the Presbytery of Scotland "has one thousand and thirty-five congregations, and among them five hundred and fifty of the ministers, seven-eighths of the theological students, and a large proportion of the tradespeople are total abstainers. The tide is true of the Presbytery of Church in Ireland." In England and Wales it is only the "highest" and the lowest grades of society which have failed to be affected by the total abstinence agitation. The army of teetotallers is estimated at three millions.

The tradespeople and the better class of artisans are profoundly in sympathy with the agitation, and as these constitute the backbone of the Liberal party, that party is becoming more and more strongly committed to Temperance legislation. In the campaign of the suffrage, temperance has been protected against the local-option declaration of the Liberals, and pleaded for the "liberty of the poor man to his beer."

Through their support of the Establishment they retained the allegiance of the mass of the Church of England clergy, and a campaign was fought with "Beer and the Bible" as a cry word. However, the campaign was an unsuccessful one, and the vested rights of the Establishment were only injured by their association with the vested rights of the innkeepers. Since the suffrage just taken in Glasgow, it has been found that the newly-enfranchised voters are, as a class, the most determined in their opposition to the saloons. The cause of local prohibition has been advancing with enormous strides. A plebiscite on the liquor question just taken in Glasgow resulted as follows: There were 77,246 householders in favor of the liquor traffic by their votes, and 8,335 against; 67,704 were in favor of entire prohibition, and 9,411 against; 71,427 were favorable to a reduction in the present number of licensed houses, and 9,931 against; 68,302 were opposed and 11,235 not opposed to all new licenses.

Such a startling and overwhelming anti-saloon majority as this will probably lead to the conversion of a great number of the "leaders" of political opinion.

A recent supplement to the *Christian Commonwealth*, publishes an almost complete list of the present members of Parliament, with their positions upon the liquor question. The members are divided into three classes. The first class comprises the names of all the members of the House of Commons who have declared in favor of giving the people power to control or abolish the liquor traffic by a direct vote. This is commonly known as the Direct Vote. Its Parliamentary supporters number over one hundred and sixty. Among them are John Morley, A. J. Mundella, Jesse Collings, W. O. Cairne, Charles Bradlaugh and Henry Labouchere. Bradlaugh and Labouchere represent the radical working-men of Northampton, and their support of this measure is therefore one of the signs of the times.

The second list gives the names of all those M. P.'s who are in favor of local option in some form, and who are in favor of the will of the people to be expressed, not directly, but through boards representing the people. Here we find more than a hundred names; among them Joseph Chamberlain, John Bright and Sir John Lubbock. The House of Lords braces the members who are opposed to Direct Vote and local option, and therefore presumably hostile to all attempts to deal with the liquor traffic by legislative enactment. This list is less than one hundred larger than the other two combined. It includes Sir John Lubbock, Sir John Parnell, Hartington, Churchill and most of the Conservatives. Some of these men are probably not opposed to local option, but do not wish to have to make any fight on their hands at one time. For instance, Mr. Gladstone is in the list. The list of the House of Commons, March 5, 1893, uttered these oft-quoted words: "It has been said that greater calamities are inflicted on mankind by intemperance than by the

three great historical scourges, pestilence and famine. This

for us, and it is the measure of our credit and our credit. Then a little later he returned to power the leading members of his Cabinet were pronounced total abstainers. According to Gustafson, Sir Charles Dilke was a conspicuous total abstainer.

Mr. Chamberlain had assured the Birmingham press that his House of Commons reforms lies at the bottom of all further political, social and religious progress," and as for Mr. Bright, "from the time he became a householder he had not bought any wine or spirituous liquors whatever. He had in his house no decanters, and he had not had since 1839, when he took to housekeeping." The fact that Mr. Gladstone chose such counselors gives his great Temperance following reason to hope that when he has given the people the rule of the "temperance and order" rule, he will unite with them to give the people of England home rule instead of saloon rule.

In the coming struggle there is little to hope from the Conservatives. Lord Randolph Churchill has declared that beer is a necessary food for the people of England. In his manifesto at Newport a short time ago ridiculed Sunday closing and local option, and threatened local compensation should local option become law. Nevertheless, we all know that the Liberal platform of to-day is the Conservative platform of twenty years hence. Gladstone and even Hartington have already pronounced in favor of a local government reorganization "through which we may most reasonably look for an effectual readjustment of the laws relating to the sale of intoxicating liquors." When the Irish question is disposed of, it is almost certain that the Liberal party will unite in demanding for all Great Britain complete local self-government in all matters relating to the saloon.—*Christian Union*.

THE ANTI-SALOON FIGHT.

The Great Gain to the Temperance Movement in This Country.

The movement against the saloon gathers strength as it proceeds. Everywhere throughout the Union, East, West and South—the people are rising in rebellion against the rule of rum. Restrictive legislation in various forms, and constitutional prohibition are the principal lines along which the warfare proceeds. During the present season, the legislatures of no less than twenty-one States have been called upon to consider the drink evil and take action toward its suppression. In nearly every one of these States, something has been done to check the growth of the saloon and abate the evil. The High-license laws, local option and prohibitory amendments are the order of the day. Never before in the history of the Temperance cause has the feeling against the liquor traffic been so deep, so wide-spread, so earnest, so determined as now. That most powerful of agencies, the public press, has at last arrayed itself against the traffic; many of the leading secular journals of the country have adopted a tone of bitter hostility to the grogshop, and are attacking it daily with the force and ability they have at command. No stronger or more effective arguments against the saloon can be found anywhere than those put forward in the editorial columns of some of the New York dailies. The gain for Temperance in this direction is incalculable. The public mind is promising character. Public men, men of affairs, judges, statesmen, political leaders, who have hitherto held themselves aloof from the discussion of Temperance, are now taking sides in the conflict, and many of the ablest and best of them are openly declared against "the business of manufacturing drunkards." The lines are being more and more sharply drawn every day between the adherents of the rum-shop and the friends of peace, order and sobriety. The hour is at hand when every man must make a decision in this matter. And when it comes to this issue everywhere we can not doubt where the majority will stand. The sentiment of the country is overwhelming against a continuance of saloon domination. There can be no mistake in this regard. The movement is not dependent upon a wave of popular excitement; it is not born of a passing enthusiasm. It is the outcome of years of wrong and suffering induced by the cursed drink evil. It is a revolt of the people against a power whose reign of outrage, vice and crime has become too terrible to be longer endured.—N. Y. Observer.

The inmates of the Colorado Penitentiary gather every evening in the chapel where a regular school is held. German, Spanish and other languages are taught, besides the common language of the State. There is also a Chautauque in the building. The education of the prisoners was brought about by the W. C. T. U. women, who visit the penitentiary every week and hold a gospel service.—*National W. C. T. U. Bulletin*.

# HAZEL GREEN HERALD.

COOPER & BACK, Publishers.

HAZEL GREEN, - KENTUCKY.

## TO MY WIFE.

Lucy, don't you hear the voices, gentle voices in the air;

Like the sound of a plume, like the pattering of a prayer.

Like a song of singers dead, faded a dream of beauty dead,

When we can not quite remember what the angel vision said?

Oh, the voices of the Yesterdays! Time's melancholy choir;

With the twilight singing minor and the dawn singing air.

And their brows with garlands bound, And a million golden minutes strown like grain upon the ground.

Ah, they must be up the river, and it can't be a dream.

For the wind is blowing soft, my love, it is blowing down the stream.

And is waiting to your ears

What your wife's singing voice hears,

Till the past grows dim and dimmer through the mist of many years.

And a little time in white seems to rise beyond the rain.

And a little hand to beckon and a little voice to complain.

To your heart a moment pressed.

That way to be a guest,

And to sing among the Angels in the gardens of the West.

For the little infant spirit that a brighter angel bore,

A dark angel challenged at the threshold of the door.

And he bade it back again.

As returns the morning rain

To the heaven o'er the mountain and the glory o'er the main.

In his arms the angels clasped her, and as he turned and smiled

He turned to her, the mother of a sinless angel child.

Ah, the beauty that she wore,

Home so softly on her hair,

Just to learn the Heaven for "welcome" to that bright and blessed shore!

But, Lucy, (will be by and by, when James have followed John)

And many a sad December night has played a solemn tune;

When the snow upon your hair

Forgets to melt and lingers there,

And form so frail and faded trembles in the old arm-chair.

Then here's my hand, my dearest; we'll travel on together

In dreams both clear and cloudy, in rude and rainy weather;

Till the winter at the last

Shall the shadows eastward cast

And our lives and loves forever shall be blended with the Past.

—Benj. P. Taylor.

## HELEN LAKEMAN;

—OR—

The Story of a Young Girl's Struggle With Adversity.

BY JOHN R. MUSICK.

AUTHOR OF "THE BANKER OF BEDFORD," "WALTER BROWNFIELD," ETC.

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### CHAPTER I.—CONTINUED.

"Did you never see a bird with a crippled wing, and see how the poor little thing tried to fly, and come down, and fall, this child, good as he is, holds down that gal. Every cent she makes goes to support herself and the child."

The breakfast bell rang, and Pete did not complete his sentence.

That morning Warren noticed that the eyes of the hired girl, who was sacrificing herself for her crippled brother, were very large and blue, and her forehead was broad and high, and her features were regular. She was neat and tidy, and did not look at all like the sloven kitchen girls he had seen. Her hair was golden and neatly gathered in a net. There was a sweet sadness upon her face, which touched him not a little, when he remembered that all her earnings barely supported herself and her brother.

### CHAPTER II.

AT CHURCH—THE MONDAY MORNING.

Warren Stuart regarded the girl as a commonplace mortal, and yet there was something a little more than commonplace about her. He seldom saw her, save at mealtime, when she came in to wait upon the table. She knew a servant's place, and kept it. She was modest almost to shyness, and seldom spoke, never unless compelled to do so. Commonplace as he supposed her to be, he frequently thought he discerned a poetic sadness in the large, dark blue eyes, as she stood like one in a reverie. The kitchen work at Stuart's was no very small matter, and it required all her time and energy to accomplish her part. She was nearly always busy, and frequently when he saw that sad worn face, and tired little form, he felt a sympathy for her.

One evening after the day's work was done, he was passing the kitchen when Helen would insist on staying, and heard her engaged in an animated conversation with her brother. It was a simple conversation such as a child might understand about Heaven. Little Amos was asking his sister if he should be relieved of his infirmities there, and whether or not he would be with his mother and father. The answers of the girl were low and sweet, assuring the little cripple that he would suffer no pain there, and would meet those who had gone before. Simple and commonplace as the conversation was, it had something about it which affected Warren.

It was Warren's intention to remain at home during the summer, and early in the fall seek a location to enter into the practice of his profession. It was now the busy season for farmers, and he did not meet many of his former friends and acquaintances. The second Sunday after his return was the day for preaching in the Sandy Fork school-house. The Methodist had taken this in one of his brother's sermons, and Rev. Allen Blaise, a famous "gospel pounder" to preach there once a month. The school-house was about three-fourths of a mile from Mr. Stuart's and down the creek known as Sandy Fork. It was well hidden in the trees and the road to it led through a warren forest. The new preacher was very popular and his audiences were always large. Warren frequently the school-house failed to hold them and many stood outside at the door and windows.

Peter Blair, the peddler, had been his mouth and "dropped in" at the Stuart's the night before the Sunday on which Mr. Blaise was to preach.

"You'd better go hear him," said Peter to Warren. "He's a regular stormer, I tell you. He can make things blaze, too. His sermons are all good, hand-made and warranted not to fade. You can hear one on Sunday, and it'll keep a ringin' through your ears all the rest o' the week just like one time at a dance. Besides, some-



"I suppose you have come back a full-fledged doctor?"

times he fairly lifts a feller out o' his boots. He raises ye so high ye can most get a bird's-eye view o' the New Jerusalem."

Warren consented to go, and the next morning the horses were hitched to the wagon, himself, his father and mother and sister got in and drove off to the school-house. The other two boys went on horseback, preferring a gallop through the woods to the case and comfort of any wagon or carriage.

"Why, hello, Warren, how are you?" said Mr. Arnold the moment he alighted from the wagon in front of the school-house. Mr. Arnold dropped the stick on which he was whittling to take Warren's hand. He was a man a little over medium height, somewhat slender, with sandy hair and whiskers, which were only on his chin, and cropped short.

"I suppose you have come back among us a full-fledged doctor?" he went on to say.

"That remains to be seen, Mr. Arnold," said Warren.

He was now surrounded by the old men and young men of the neighborhood, each extending to him a kindly greeting.

Warren was a sort of favorite in the neighborhood, and all were glad to see him back. Mrs. Arnold, and even her daughter, Miss Helen, a sprightly little creature with a somewhat florid complexion and hair, and a face considerably freckled, came to him and insisted so earnestly that he should go home with them for dinner that he could not refuse. There was to be preaching at night and he could go home with his parents then, so after the sermon was over he got into Mr. Arnold's carriage and sat down by the side of Miss Hallie, whom he had known since childhood. Miss Hallie did her best in her shallow way to entertain him, but a conversation on leaves and dress had but little attraction for a young man whose clothes still have the college smell upon them.

The sermon at night was far more impressive to our hero than the one in the morning. Mr. Blaise (old Blaise, blue Blaise and many other blazes, as he was called) took his text from Matthew the XXV. and forthwith verse: "And the King shall answer and say unto them: Verily I say unto you: Inasmuch as ye have done it unto the least of these, My brethren, ye have done it unto Me."

His theme was charity, and every word seemed like an arrow sent home to Warren's heart. When he alluded to "the least of these," the youth thought of poor little Amos, crippled and helpless, and there seemed to arise before him a minister's mist, which took the shape of an angel, the face of which was Helen's. He alluded to the sacrifice made by some noble women of the earth whose names were now known not to fame, but inscribed in Heaven, and whose crown would be brightest

there. The sermon from beginning to end seemed inspired by the acts of heroic self-sacrifice of that girl. Mr. Blaise did not know there was such a person in existence, yet, to use one of Peddler Pete's characteristic expressions, his cloth was cut for any measure.

Why had he not before noticed that this real heroine was wasting her life for her little brother, was such that came to Warren's mind; "I will see my father and mother about it." When preaching was over Mr. Blaise and his wife consented to go home with Mr. Stuart, and Peddler Pete being there, the wagon was full without Warren.

"Never mind me, father," he said, "let only a side walk and the moon shines brightly." The truth is, our young doctor preferred to walk alone, that he might the better digest the discourse he had heard.

Peter Blair, on talking in his stead, but he would not hear to it, and the wagon rolled on with its human freight, leaving Warren a-foot and alone. He started briskly down the wooded road, but had gone only a short distance when he almost ran against some one who was tripping lightly along before him.

"Excuse me," he said. There was a slight acceptance of the apology, and the timid form drew back in the dark part of the road for him to pass.

"It is so dark here!" said Warren.

"Very dark, Mr. Stuart," responded a voice, sweetly.

"I beg pardon, but is not this Helen?"

"It is, sir," was the timid response.

"Were you at church?"

"Yes, sir."

"And are now on your way home alone?"

"Yes, sir, but I don't mind it. I am not afraid and the walk is pleasant."

"But you shall not go alone, Helen; I will be your escort."

"Oh, if you please, sir, I am not afraid," the girl said, timidly. "The moon shines brightly, and I do not want to trouble you."

"Nonsense, Helen, it's no trouble to him," he said, laughing, and he took her arm as if she were some great lady.

They walked on and began to talk about the sermon. Warren could not but be struck by the depth of Helen's conviction, but the shallowness of Helen's Arnold. As the timidity left her she began to converse with a knowledge surprising in a hired girl. Where had she learned so much? Was the question our hero asked himself. As they came into a more open part of the road the moon fell upon an upturned face. Oh, how lovely it looked. The large blue eyes were dark and brilliant. The unconfined hair was ringlets of gold, and the form, neatly, but not grandly, attired, was beautiful.

They were just in the midst of an animated conversation when the sermon, which had been the subject of their conversation, was revealed the real loveliness of Helen Lakeman. Warren Arnold never had forgotten, and they were assured he never will forget, that moonlight walk. He may have had other happy moments in his life, but this, the first dawn of a part of the road, was the happiest moment of his existence.

He asked Helen why she did not go to church in the forenoon, and she answered that having to get dinner she did not have time. She only got an opportunity to steal away and hear the word of God after she had done her day's work and put little Amos to bed.

"But why did you not go with mother and sister in the carriage?"

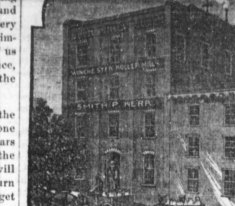
She made no answer to this and Warren bit his lip. There was room for the minister, his wife, and even Peddler Pete, but this poor girl, who was an angel on earth, after toiling all day Sunday, was compelled to walk a mile and a half to church. The neglect of his parents, however, had given him the blessed privilege of Helen's company, and he had discovered how precious she was to him.

We will not attempt to record their conversation. It was not of love, but love itself. Both knew it, both felt, yet both struggled against it. The old



farm-house was reached too soon, and he could not find a room to accommodate her desire, to the sitting-room, where his parents and their visitors were.

Had a bomb-shell exploded in the room the astonishment of Mr. and Mrs. Stuart could not have been greater. Warren was sure there was a frown of anger on the face of his father, and a



J. T. & F. DAY, HAZEL GREEN, KENTUCKY, for KEENE'S. A full supply of the following brands, PERFECTO MAGNOLIA, Roller Paper, SILVER LARK. They will quote prices and deliver at Hazel Green.

S. S. Shackelford left for Devil's Creek Monday last on business.

A. T. Fulk killed three black snakes Saturday. One was five and a half feet long, and the others four feet each.

Thomas Tett sold to James Clark of M. town, a 2-year-old steer for \$12.50.

Our Sabbath school is still increasing numbers, and we think much good will be accomplished.

SWANSGO STEERING, June 11th.—A. New Swango, his amiable and loving wife, sweet little boy Tommie in company with Uncle Harry and Aunt Nan, started on a few days at Combs' House.

W. H. "Gaines" Why, and son Bessie will be for White Oak this evening, to visit Boone May and lady.

Master Courtney F. Combs left for Canaan yesterday, considerably benefitted by use of Swango House today.

Miss Joe, Cecil returned from Stillwater Tuesday morning, where she had been visiting her cousins, Misses Lou and Ella C. She was delighted with her trip and kind thanks "Annie" and "Ige" for the interment.

She showed to make her trip enjoyable.

S. Craig thinks himself greatly benefitted by Swango water; and we are about to try so, since he can walk to Day's house and back in one and a half hours; the distance being nearly three miles.

Miss Lou C. Cecil of Stillwater is visiting at Daysborough and Swango House.

Rev. W. T. Ekler and father-in-law guest at Swango House today.

Well "Gaines" Why, I would just give him a little advice in answer to your last—"Preach the doctrine you preach," and let hear from you every week.

and strove to COOL HIS MOUNTAIN FIRE. This was the weakest of follies, he knew; but then we are weak creatures.

After finding it impossible to restore the equanimity of his mind, he returned to the house. Now the dear old farm-house seemed doubly dear.

Had the question been asked Warren Stuart: "Are you in love with this hired girl?" he would undoubtedly have answered: "No," though he was willing to admit that she was beautiful, good as an angel, and possessed the most lovable qualities of any person he had ever met. Yet there was a certain pride in his nature, which revolted at the idea of his marrying a hired girl. This pride was not dead, and would have been overcome before he could be induced to propose marriage to Helen; but it was numbed and might be worn down by any sudden torrent of feeling.

The next morning he was feeling dull and heavy. His brothers had long been at work feeding and curing their horses, while their breakfast was preparing. The minister and his wife were going to Newton that morning and Warren was the person selected to take them.

"I guess if yer goin' to town to-day, I'll just go along to take the train for Chicago," said Peddler Pete; "see my stock's runnin' low, an' I had better replenish jist a little."

The preacher and his wife sat on the rear seat, Pete having asked pardon and got the permission to light his pipe, was enjoying a smoke during the morning ride.

The road to Newton was through a rich farming country. Sandy Fork was the most fertile portion of the State. On this delightful spring morning every thing seemed fresh and lovely. The whistle of the drover and songs of the birds made the air melodious. The fields, lately plowed, were black in the richness of their soil, the winter wheat and oats made them look like green canvas paintings. No picture could express the loveliness of the morning. For here nearly all the senses were permitted to drink in the glories of nature's loveliness.

"This is a grand mornin'," said Pete, who possessed not a little poetry in his soul, yet without the ability to express it. "This is a lovely mornin'." Do ye know, Warren, what it 'minds me of?"

"No," said Warren, whose mind had been occupied ever since they started. The minister and his wife were talking and paying no attention to the men in the front seat. Pete noticed this, and leaning forward said, in a low tone: "A certain little gal who works in a gentleman's kitchen to get a livin' for herself an' a crippled brother."

The peddler winked and fixed his eyes on Warren.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

## HOME, FARM AND GARDEN.

By assorting the eggs, separating the dark from the light in color, a higher price will be obtained for the lot.

As regards the thinning out of potato tops, we read: If it is a cool, wet season, thinning will do well if not and dry, the crop will be spoiled.—N. Y. Witness.

It was the illustrious Lord Bacon who expressed the opinion that "gardening is the purest of human pleasures and the greatest refreshment to the spirit of man."

Rain water and soda will take out machine grease. To take grease spots from wall paper lay over them a paste made of magnesia and benzine. To remove oil and varnish from silk, try benzine, ether and soap very cautiously.

Almond Jumbles.—Three-fourths of a pound of almonds, blanched and chopped fine, one-quarter of a pound of butter, one pound of flour, one cupful of sour milk, five eggs and one-half teaspoonful of soda. Flavor with rose.

The quantity, condition and amount of wool will depend much upon the vigorous health of the animal.

If the animal is not in good health, or if its food has been deficient in quantity or faulty in quality, the fleece will be light and the fibre will be harsh and rough to the touch.—Troy Times.

Thomas Mehan, editor of the *Gardener's Monthly*, thus writes: There is probably no better authority in the world on the subject of the culture of the annual growth can always be determined.

The Holstein-Friesians are exceedingly quiet, kind and gentle in disposition, a characteristic which is a great desideratum in a profitable cow. By virtue of the strong and vigorous constitutions which they possess, they have shown themselves able to withstand climatic changes, and to adapt themselves to the varying conditions of different countries.—St. Louis Republic.

It takes a year or two for raspberry plants to reach their best bearing conditions, and it is best to start new plants every third year. The average life of raspberry plantations is about six years; by setting new plants once in three years, the advantage gained in having two sets of plants coming into full bearing as the other is going out. Plants may be set either in the spring or fall.

## THE DEADLY CROCODILE.

Explorer Stanley, Describes How It Attacks and Destroys Its Victims.

"The most dangerous savage foes we have to fear," said Stanley, the explorer, are the crocodile, the hippopotamus and the buffalo. We lost five men during my last visit to the Congo from these animals; three were killed by crocodiles, one by a hippopotamus and one by a buffalo. There are large numbers of the hippopotamus along the Congo and its tributaries, and thousands upon thousands of crocodiles.

The latter are by far the most insidious foes we have because they are so silent and so swift. You see a crocodile in the river," said Mr. Stanley, with one of his graphic touches; "he is standing near the shore, laughing at you, perhaps, laughing in the keen enjoyment of his bath; suddenly he falls upon you and you see him no more. A crocodile has approached you, and he struck him a blow with its tail that knocks him over and he is instantly seized and carried off. Or, it may be that the man is swimming; he is totally unconscious of danger; there is nothing to stir a tremor of apprehension; but there, in deep water, under the shadow of that rock, or hidden beneath the shelter of the tree yonder is a huge crocodile. It has spotted the swimmer, and is watching its opportunity. The swimmer approaches, he is seized by the leg and dragged under, and he knows no more! A bubble or two indicates the place where he has gone down, and that is all.—London Telegraph.

How to Build Chimneys.

To build a chimney that will draw forever and not fill up with soot, you must build it large enough, sixteen inches square; use good brick, and clay instead of lime, up to the comb; plaster it inside with clay mixed with salt; for chimney tops use the very best of brick, wet them and lay them in cement mortar. The chimney should not be built tight to beams or rafters, as most chimneys settle a little, and if too tight between the beams and rafters, there is where the crack in your chimneys comes, and where the most of the fire escapes. A chimney sometimes gets red hot. A chimney built from the cellar up is better and less dangerous than one hung on the wall. Don't get your stovepipe hole so close to the ceiling, eighteen inches from it.—Butler.





# HAZEL GREEN HERALD.

COOPER & BACK, Publishers.

HAZEL GREEN, KENTUCKY.

## CURRENT TOPICS.

KANSAS has eleven unorganized counties.

PRINCE LEOPOLD and suite are on their way home to Europe.

The fund for Mrs. Logan's benefit has been closed at \$77,000.

COLUMBUS, Neb., is to have street railways and a motor line.

A box car, complete, was built in four hours at Anniston, Ala.

The American refugees in Canada are talking of forming a club.

The late Justice Woods' estate is valued at from \$150,000 to \$200,000.

A BRIDGE is to be built across the Missouri river at Sioux City, Ia.

FRIDAY's maximum daily gas yield would equal 2,500,000 cubic feet.

INVESTIGATIONS kept coming to the President to visit various portions of the country.

The proposed movement to General Lee at Richmond, Va., will not be begun until fall.

The New York Legislature has declared everlasting hostility to the English sparrow.

A PRETTY town named Gladstone has been founded in the San Gabriel valley, California.

NO LESS than 25,000 persons ascended the Washington Monument during the year ending April 1.

THERE is a village in Wales with a name containing seventy-two letters and twenty-two syllables.

KANSAS will send 25,000 veterans to the National encampment which is to be held at St. Louis in September.

ASTRONOMERS are discovering a good many of those celestial tramps otherwise known as comets, this year.

IN one of the French schools there is a natural magnet which is said to be capable of lifting four times its weight.

AT a recent type-writing contest in New York Miss M. C. Grant wrote 384 words in four minutes and forty-two seconds.

FROM one tree recently felled at Bowersville, O., it is said that 400 fence posts and twenty-two cords of stave wood were cut.

THE Shah of Persia would like some enterprising American capitalist to help develop his kingdom by constructing railways.

SADIE MOYER, of Lansford, Pa., is ten years old, weighs 150 pounds, and is taking on fat at the rate of two pounds a week.

A RESIDENT of Savannah exhibits 124 large sweet potatoes, which were grown on a single vine. They completely fill a barrel.

PROF. CHAR. BRATON, of Bates College, says that the "devil's darning needle" has no sting at all, but he eats millions of mosquitoes.

WALKING conservatories is the latest name for the florally decorated women seen on the fashionable thoroughfares and in showy equipages.

DIVORCED women are barred from Queen Victoria's receptions. This old rule is held to religiously by the Queen, and she will make no exceptions.

AFTER all it is consoling to reflect that the American dollars taken over to England by Henry Irving will be brought back by Hon. Buffalo Bill.

THE British authorities have again declared that the Gate City Guards of Atlanta, Ga., will not be permitted to parade on English territory.

IT is announced that it will take fully six months before the English government can demonstrate by actual experiment whether coercion will coerce.

NEW York has a character named Coffey, a curled-hair dealer named Wilgibbon, milk dealer named Wells and Water and a clothing firm named Taylor & Cutler.

TRUSS is considered the best of all that at least a portion of the crown jewels of France will spend the summer at some one of the American watering places.

RUSSIA has decided that the Russian language is good enough for Russian children, and this shall be the language of education throughout the empire.

ASSAULTS in the State of New York are being considerably annoyed by a law which makes the catching of a trout less than six inches long a misdemeanor.

AS Alabamians who tattooed himself all over with "Vive la France" was imprisoned for six months when he came to be examined for admission to the German army.

THE New York hotel men are now so well organized that out of the income from 30,000 guests a day they lose less than one per cent. of their profits by reason of beats.

A BOSTON doctor raises his solemn voice against cotton stockings for "winter wear."

HE says they are destroying the women of New England with rheumatism and neuralgia.

GLADSTONE has a library containing 15,000 volumes. Works on theology are the most numerous. He also has large departments devoted to Shakespeare, Dante and Homer.

WAS the time came for Theodore Baker to let the sheriff of Las Vegas know that he was ready to be hanged he said: "Let her go, Gallagher," and died without a struggle.

BOREDDOM stole into the sanctum of a Mississippi editor, and addressed him as "a fascinating man on the body politic." The intruder will take his meals in bed until further notice.

A HUSBANDMAN (CY) woman, who believed there was "good luck" in having a bird fly in a house, chased a canary bird in, and in doing so upset and broke a ten-dollar looking-glass.

IN Japan, according to a correspondent of the Reading Press, a man interested in a better half as "my fool of a wife." The same sentiment often prevails here, but we lack the Japanese frankness.

## NEWS NOTES.

THE Navy Department is informed that two supposed cases of cholera are reported at Tokio, Japan.

THE jewelry firm of Chadler & Rhader, Chicago, have made an assignment. Liabilities about \$250,000, assets \$150,000.

THE Mayor of Syracuse, N. Y., refused permission to the John L. Sullivan combination to give an exhibition in this city.

GOVERNOR Hill has sent the name of Colonel Fred Grant to the New York Senate for confirmation as Quarantine Commissioner.

IN the case of the State of Louisiana against the city of New Orleans, involving the McDonough tract of about 80,000 acres swamp land, the Secretary of the Interior has decided in favor of New Orleans.

MAJOR Ben. Perley Moore, the veteran newspaper correspondent, was stricken down while at the Capitol, Washington, a few days ago, with an acute attack of Bright's disease. His condition is the cause of uneasiness and alarm among his many friends.

JOHN DAWES' Sons, the famous iron masters of Staffordshire, England, have failed. Their liabilities are \$500,000, and it is thought their assets will realize very much less.

THE President has appointed Jared Lawrence Rathbone, of California, as Consul General at Paris.

MRS. Mary Montgomery Gibson, wife of United States Senator Gibson, of Louisiana, died at the family residence in Washington last day.

C. S. KINGSLEY, alias S. C. Cooper, who claims to be a farmer from Kalamaazoo, Mich., was arrested, Cleveland, O., the other day, on the charge of forgery at White Plains, Mich.

AN Augusta, Me., dispatch says Mr. Maine has decided to leave his country to go to Europe, leaving early in June. The reason he assigns for the trip is poor health.

FRANK McARTHUR, son of ex-Judge McArthur, was married to Miss Sarah W. Winston, daughter of the late Governor Winston, of Alabama, a few days ago. The marriage took place at the residence of the bride's father in Washington City.

A FIRE, which originated in Nicholson's drug store, Hillsboro, Texas, by the overturning of a lamp, the other day, communicated to a building made of brick and block, with the exception of one aggregate, was destroyed. Loss will aggregate \$125,000.

MRS. LOTTIE WHITMAN, an estimable young married lady of Oklahoma, Ia., and belonging to a leading family of the country, who died of cholera the other night, left a revolver. She left a note saying that she feared she would be afflicted with cholera, and preferred death to the life of an invalid.

OSCAR MYRTLE, a trader of Wheeling, W. Va., who the other day was killed by a \$100 in cash and a fine gold watch, is reported to have been murdered near Ceredo, Wayne County. Myrtle was followed from Wheeling by a man named James to his brother. This man is said to have shot Myrtle and then robbed him.

THE insurance about the safe of the well-known firm of Race Bros., Madison street, Chicago, has been estimated at \$100,000.

THE place was full, and the hands of the sheriff. The liabilities are about \$30,000 and the safe is reported to be the safest of its kind.

THE robbery of \$10,000 from a safe in the Dominion Express Company's office at Ottawa, Kan., has been traced to the past few days. Detectives found \$5,000 of the money under a pile of lumber, the other half of the money being in the wrapper of the package was broken. Some of the office employees are connected with employees in the lumber yard and are being sought.

REV. W. F. DAVIS was fined fifty dollars and costs for preaching on Boston Commons last Sunday. He has persisted in preaching on the Commons for several years in spite of the prohibition of the city authorities. Two years ago the Supreme Court decided that the city ordinance against such preaching was constitutional and Davis was then fined, but kept up his sermons. He will have the money to pay his fine and it will probably be remitted.

THE shoemakers' lock-out at Haverhill, Mass., has been broken. The shoemakers have been credited to the Knights of Labor. Three thousand men who were out returned to work, and all the factories have resumed work.

THE East Tennessee farmers' convention, three hundred delegates present, at Knoxville, Tenn., has passed resolutions favoring prohibition amendment to the State constitution, and pledging their influence to secure its adoption by the people.

THE will of Washington C. Depauw was probated the other day. It bequeathes \$5,000,000 to his family and the residue of his estate, estimated at \$1,000,000, is devoted to benevolent and educational purposes, including a bequest of \$1,025,000 to Depauw University.

BENJAMIN F. HORN, president of the East St. Louis, Ill., stove factory, has made an assignment to the United States marshal in the County Court. The assets are estimated at \$60,000 and the liabilities at \$65,743.

W. C. GARDNER, president of the Pittsburgh-Virginia V. Co., is named as assignee.

HON. CHARLES E. STUART died at Kalamaazoo, Mich., a few days ago, aged seventy-seven years. He was a distinguished statesman in the National House of Representatives and one term as Senator. From 1840 to 1860, he was the most influential leader in the Democratic party, ranking next to Stephen A. Douglass as its most trusted leader.

## NEWS NOTES.

SENIOR Lamar, in the case of certain Arkansas swamp lands, has decided that the Interior Department can take no further action in regard to the settlement of the claims of the Arkansas general government.

THE President has recognized K. Kortegard as Vice Consul of Portugal at Minneapolis.

THE Irish college at Rome has printed and presented a long memorial to the Vatican, on the Irish question.

THE Iowa State Board of Health has voted to rescind the quarantine rules against Illinois calves and stock cattle.

DR. SWIFT, tutor of the Warner Observatory, Rochester, N. Y., has received a telegram from Prof. Barnard, of the Vanderbilt University Observatory, Nashville, announcing the discovery of a new comet, in right ascension 15h. 15m. 46s. declination south 30deg. 30m., and is moving slowly northeast and will be visible to the discovery entitles Prof. Barnard to still another Warner comet prize.

THE hotel and hotelkeepers are beginning to fear that the National drill is not going to be a great success as very few persons, up to the present time, have applied for tickets.

THE Pope will, it is announced, communicate at once with Archbishop Corrigan, of New York, in regard to the case of Dr. McGlynn. His Holiness, it is stated, will in this communication approve the Archbishop's decision, and will direct the archbishop to have the priest once again for all that if he does not present himself before the supreme ecclesiastical authority at Rome within forty days he will be formally excommunicated.

MRS. CATHERINE RHOOD, of Essex, Vt., died a few days ago. She was seventy years of age. Mrs. Rhoad had been a member of the Methodist church more than seventy years.

A district convention of the Methodist church will be held at Sharon, Pa., May 25 and 26. Bishop Andrews, Chaplain McCabe and other distinguished clergymen will be present.

THE brick carters' strike at Baltimore is over. The carters have returned to work. All the employers, with the exception of one who employs ten men, have granted the increase in wages demanded.

THE Sheikh Abu Houda, long the Sultan's estate manager, has been exiled on account of his connection with the connection with a plot to dethrone the Sultan.

THE ship Charles H. Marshall, which left London December 5 for Philadelphia, has been given the first prize in the contest of twenty-two men, commanded by Captain Hutchinson, of Syracuse, N. Y.

THE American Society of Mechanical Engineers, will meet in Washington next week, and will remain in session several days. About three hundred delegates are expected to be present.

THE saw mill, grist mill and box factory of John H. Fassett, at Moreton, Vt., were burned last night. The loss is estimated at \$25,000.

A NEW YORK paper states that Mrs. DONALD C. GRANT has been dangerously ill of diphtheria, and at one time her recovery was believed to be doubtful, but she is now improving.

THE trial of "Father" Betts, before the grand jury, has been postponed. He is charged with the murder of a woman, and charges of extreme ritualism were confirmed. Father Betts was given a full trial, and was acquitted. He is now in prison, and is said to have observed the instructions of his bishop.

DR. JOHN BURNETT, aged eighty years, who has lived alone in miserable and filthy rooms at No. 134 South Fourth street, Philadelphia, has been given the place of a poor man. Secreted about the place was found \$2,700 in gold, silver and jewels, and apparently died of old age and of poverty.

SECRETARY Whitney has authorized the admission to the Naval Academy, as a student, of a young man, the son of a noble family. The law authorizes the education at the Naval Academy of a student designated by the President.

ALEXANDER WHITMAN, Jr., a prominent yarn merchant, representing large Southern industries in Philadelphia, committed suicide by shooting himself five days ago, in Dobbs' woods, near Camden. His business affairs were in a prosperous condition and the deed is attributed to a temporary fit of insanity resulting from general debility from which he was suffering.

THE Queen's jubilee celebration will last from June 21 to the 25. The list of visiting royal personages has become so numerous that the Lord Chamberlain, whose duty it is to provide them with a habitation, is puzzled. The royal palaces do not begin to afford the required amount of room, and the chamberlain is securing rooms at the best hotels.

MR. GLADSTONE, in recent conversation with personal friends, expressed a desire to visit America. He has been a cherished thought in the mind of the Liberal leader. The prospects are that during the coming autumn he will be able to visit America.

OMAHA, Neb., has been declared to be a National bank reserve city under the new law.

JAMES MANN, aged fourteen, while carrying a box of giant powder, to some friends, near Leado, Cal., fell a few days ago, stumbled and dropped the powder, which exploded and blew the boy to atoms.

EMERSON'S plan for having colonies in Germany for the purpose of propagating the Protestant faith in Italy. The recent concessions of Prince Napoleon to the Vatican have greatly stimulated this work.

ANOTHER large consignment of sugar from San Francisco for the Hawaiian Islands, was shipped by the freight agents of the Canadian Pacific railway. It consists of eight million pounds, and is understood to be shipped by the American Sugar Refinery.

## TEMPERANCE.

IN GREAT BRITAIN.

What Has Come and Is Coming Out of the Temperance Agitation.

Temperance in Great Britain reached its high water mark—or rather high spirit mark—in 1876. In that year the total number of abstainers was thirty-three million people was \$735,000,000, or \$35,000,000 more than the estimated bill of our fifty-five million people! Had this rate of expenditure continued, England's bill last year would have been \$855,000,000. Instead of this, it was but \$705,000,000. So much for financial statistics.

This decrease in the consumption of liquor has been due to the increased number of total abstainers. Wine-drinking is no longer a matter of course, and the churches, especially the dissenting churches, are taking hold of the Temperance question as of the first importance in their religious work. Even in Scotland, so famous for its drunkenness, this is being done. In the April 1000 Rev. John Snyder said that the Free Church of Scotland "has one thousand and thirty-five congregations, and among them five hundred and fifty of the ministers, seven-eighths of the theological students, and a large proportion of the Christian workers are total abstainers. The like is true of the Presbyterian Church in Ireland." In England and Wales it is only the "highest" and the lowest grades of society which have failed to be affected by the total abstinence agitation. The army—of regulars is estimated at three millions. The tradespeople and the better class of artisans are profoundly in sympathy with the agitation, and as these constitute the backbone of the Liberal party, that party is becoming more and more strongly committed to Temperance legislation.

In the campaign of 1880 the Conservatives protested against the local-option declaration of the Liberals, and pleaded for the "liberty of the poor man to his beer."

Through their support of the Establishment they retained the allegiance of the mass of the Church of England clergy and a campaign was fought with "Beer and the Bible" as a cry.

However, the campaign was an unsuccessful one, and the vested rights of the Establishment were only injured by their association with the vested rights of the inkeepers. Since the suffrage has been extended it has been found that the newly-enfranchised voters are, as a class, the most determined in their opposition to the sale of liquor.

The cause of local-option with the ranks of the advanced and the moderate strikers. A "palestine" on the liquor question just taken in Glasgow resulted as follows: There were 77,246 householders in favor of the people having complete control of the liquor traffic, 67,794 were in favor of entire prohibition, and 19,411 against; 71,427 were favorable to a reduction in the present number of licensed houses, and 9,591 not opposed to all new licenses.

Such a startling and overwhelming anti-saloon majority as this will probably lead to the conversion of a great number of the "leaders" of political opinion.

A recent supplement to the *Christianity* contains the following: "The almost complete list of the present members of Parliament, with their positions upon the subject of local option. The members are divided into three classes. The first class comprises the names of all the members of the House of Commons who have declared in favor of giving the people power to control or abolish the liquor traffic by a direct vote. This is commonly known as the Direct Veto. Its Parliamentary strength number over one hundred and sixty. Among them are John Morley, A. J. Mundella, Jesse Collings, W. O. Cairne, Charles Bradlaugh and Henry Labouchere. Bradlaugh and Labouchere represent the radical working-men of Northampton, and their support of this measure is therefore one of the signs of the times.

The second list gives the names of all those M. P.'s who are in favor of local option in some modified and restricted form. They wish the will of the people to be not directly expressed, but through boards representing the people. Here we find more than a hundred names more; among them Sir Joseph Chamberlain, John Bright and Sir William Harcourt. The third list comprises the names of those M. P.'s who are opposed to Direct Veto and local option, and therefore presumably hostile to all attempts to deal with the liquor traffic by legislative enactment. This list is less than one hundred larger than the other two combined. It includes Gladstone, John Lubbock, and most of the Conservatives. Some of these men are probably not opposed to local option, but do not wish to have to make any fight on their hands at one time. For instance, Mr. Gladstone in his speech in the House of Commons, March 5, 1880, uttered these oft-quoted words: "It has been said that greater calamities are inflicted on mankind by liquor, than have been inflicted by the sale of it."

three great historical scourges—war, pestilence and famine. This is true for us, and it is the measure of our discredit and our disgrace." When a leading member of his Cabinet was pronounced total abstainer. According to Gustafson, Sir Charles Dilke was a conspicuous total abstainer. Mr. Chamberlain had assured the Birmingham Six Hundred that "Temperance reforms lies at the bottom of all further political, social and religious progress," and as for Mr. Bright, "from the time he became a householder he had not bought any wine or spirituous liquors whatever. He had in his house no decanters, and although he had no wine-glasses, and had not had since 1839, when he took to housekeeping." The fact that Mr. Gladstone chose such counselors gives his great Temperance following reason to hope that when he has given the people of Ireland his full power, the reformers will unite with them to give the people of England home rule instead of saloon rule.

In the coming struggle there is little to hope from the Conservatives. Lord Randolph Churchill has declared that "the necessary force for the masses Lord Salisbury in his manifesto at Newport a short time ago ridiculed Sunday closing and local option, and threatened local compensation should local option become law. Nevertheless, we all know that the Liberal platform of today is the Conservative platform of twenty years hence. Gladstone and even Harcourt have already pronounced in favor of a local government reorganization "through which we may most reasonably look for an effectual readjustment of the balance of the intoxicating drink." When the Irish question is disposed of, it is almost certain that the Liberal party will unite in demanding for all Great Britain complete local self-government in all matters relating to the saloon.—*Christian Union*.

## THE ANTI-SALOON FIGHT.

The Great Gain to the Temperance Movement in This Country.

The movement against the saloon gathers strength as it proceeds. Everywhere throughout the Union—North, East, West and South—the people are rising in rebellion against the rule of rum. Restrictive legislation in various forms, and constitutional amendments in some, are all along along which the warfare proceeds. During the present session, the legislatures of no less than twenty-one States have been called upon to consider the drink evil and take action toward its suppression. In nearly every one of these States, something has been done to check the growth of the saloon and curtail its power. High-license laws, local option, and prohibition amendments are the order of the day. Never before in the history of the temperance cause has the feeling against the liquor traffic been so deep, so wide-spread, so earnest, so determined as now. That most powerful of agencies, the public press, has at last arrayed itself against the traffic; many of the leading secular journals of the country have adopted a "one-bitter hostility to the grog-shop, and are attacking it daily with all the force and ability they have at command.—No stronger or more effective arguments against the saloon can be found anywhere than those put forth by the editorial columns of some of the New York dailies. The gain for Temperance in this direction has been of the most significant and promising character. Public men, too, men of affairs, judges, statesmen, political leaders, who have hitherto held themselves aloof from the discussion of Temperance, are now taking sides in the conflict, and many of the ablest and best of them have openly declared against "the business of manufacturing drunkards. The lines are being more and more sharply drawn every day between the adherents of the rum-shop and the friends of peace, order and sobriety. The hour is at hand when every man must make a decision in this matter. And when it comes to this issue, every man can not doubt where the majority will stand. The sentiment of the country is overwhelmingly against a continuance of saloon domination. There can be no mistaking this fact. The present wave of popular excitement, which is not born of a passing enthusiasm. It is the outcome of years of wrong and suffering induced by the cursed drink traffic; it is a revolt of the people against a power whose reign of outrage, vice and crime has become too terrible to be longer endured.—N. Y. Observer.

THE inmates of the Colorado Penitentiary gather every evening in the chapel where a regular school is held. German, Spanish and other languages are taught, besides all the common branches of study. There is also a school of the deaf and dumb. The education of the prisoners was brought about by the W. C. T. U. women, who have hitherto visited every week and held a gospel service.—*National W. C. T. U. Bulletin*.



# HAZEL GREEN HERALD.

COOPER & BACK, Publishers.

HAZEL GREEN, - KENTUCKY.

## TO MY WIFE.

Easy, don't you hear the voices, gentle voices in the air.

Like the waving of a plume, like the painting of a prayer,

Like a song of singers dead, like a dream of beauty fled,

When we can not quite remember what the angel vision said?

Oh, the voices of the Yesterdays! Time's melancholy choir,

With the twilight singing minor and the dawn singing air.

With the clouds of glory round, And their hives with garlands bound,

And a million golden minutes strewn like grain upon the ground.

Ah, they must be up the river, and it can not be a dream.

For the wind is blowing soft, my love, is blowing down the stream,

And is waiting for your ears, What your list'ning spirit hears,

Till the past grows dim and dimmer through the mist of many years.

And a little form in white seems to rise beyond the rain,

And a little hand to beckon and a little voice to claim,

To your heart a moment pressed, Then away to be a guest,

And to sing among the Angels in the Gardens of the Blest.

For the little infant spirit that a brighter angel bore,

A dark angel challenged at the threshold of the door,

And he bade it back again, As returns the morning rain

To the heaven of the mountain and the glory of the main.

In his arms the angels clasped her, and as he turned and smiled

He crowned you there, the mother of a sinless angel child.

Ah, the beauty that she wore, Home so swiftly on before,

Just to learn the Heaven for "come home" to that bright and blessed shore!

But, Lucy, 'twill be by and by, when June has followed June,

And many a sad December night has played a solemn tune.

When the snow upon your hair, Forgets to melt and lingers there,

And form so frail and faded trembles in the old arm-chair.

Then here's my hand, my dearest; we'll travel on together

In days both clear and cloudy, in ruds and "any weather";

Till the winter at the last Shall shadowed eadward cast

And our lives and loves forever shall be blended with the Past.

—Bessie P. Taylor.

## HELEN LAKEMAN;

—OR—

The Story of a Young Girl's Struggle With Adversity.

BY JOHN R. MURKIN.

AUTHOR OF "THE BANNER OF REDBORN,"

"WALTER BROWNFIELD," ETC.

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CHAPTER II.—CONTINUED.

"Did you never see a bird with a crippled wing, and see how the poor little thing tried to fly and couldn't? Well, this child, good as he is, holds a bird that gal. Every cent she makes goes to support herself an' the child—"

The breakfast bell rang, and Pete did not complete his sentence.

That morning Warren noticed that the eyes of Helen Lakeman, who was sacrificing herself for her crippled brother, were very large and blue, and her forehead was broad and high, and her features were regular. She was neat and tidy, and did not look at all like the sloven kitchen girls he had seen. Her hair was golden and neatly gathered in a net.

There was a sweet sadness upon her face, which touched him not a little, when he remembered that all her earnings barely supported herself and her brother.

CHAPTER III.

AT CHURCH—THE MOONLIT WALK.

Warren Stuart regarded the girl as a commonplace mortal, and yet there was something in her that he could not get about her. He seldom saw her, save at mealtime, when she came in to wait upon the table. She knew a servant's place, and kept it. She was modest—almost to shyness, and seldom spoke, unless compelled to do so. Commonplace as he supposed her to be, he one day thought he discerned a poetic sadness in the large, dark blue eyes, as she stood like one in a reverie. The kitchen work at Stuart's was no very small matter, and it required all her time and energy to accomplish her part. She was nearly always busy, and frequently when he saw that sad worn face, and tired little form, he felt a sympathy for her.

One evening after the day's work was done, he was passing the kitchen where Helen would insist on staying, and heard her engaged in an animated conversation with her brother. It was a simple conversation such as a child might understand about Heaven. Little Amos was asking his sister if he would be relieved of his lameness there, and whether or not he would see his mother and father. The answers of the girl were low and sweet, assuring the little cripple that he would suffer no pain there, and would meet those who had gone before. Simple and commonplace as the conversation was, it had something about it which affected Warren.

It was Warren's intention to remain at home during the summer, and early in the fall seek a location to enter into the practice of his profession. It was now the busy season for farmers, and he did not meet many of his former friends and acquaintances. The second Sunday after his return was the day for preaching in the Sandy Fork school-house. The Methodist had taken this in one of their circuits, and sent Rev. Allen Blaze, a famous "gospel pounder" to preach there once a month.

The school-house was about three-fourths of a mile from Mr. Stuart's and down the creek known as Sandy Fork.

It was well hidden in the trees and the road to it led through the forest.

The new preacher was very popular and his audiences were always large. Not infrequently the school-house failed to hold them and many stood outside at the door and windows.

Peter Blair, the peddler, had been in his rounds and "dropped in" at the Stuart's the night before the Sunday on which Mr. Blaze was to preach.

"You'd better go to hear him," said Peter to Warren. "He's a regular stormer, I tell ye. He can make things blaze, too. His sermons are all wool, hand-made and warranted not to fade. You can hear one on Sunday, and it'll keep a rizin' through yer all the rest of the week just like one time at a dance. Besides, some-

times he fairly lifts a fellow out o' his boots. He raises ye so high ye can most git a bird's-eye view o' the New Jerusalem."

Warren consented to go, and the next morning the horses were hitched to the wagon, himself, his father and mother and sister got in and drove off to the school-house. The other two boys went on horseback, preferring a gallop through the woods to the ease and comfort of any wagon or carriage.

"Why, hello! Warren, how are you?"

Mr. Arnold, the moment he alighted from the wagon in front of the school-house, Mr. Arnold dropped the stick on which he was whittling—take Warren's hand. He was a man a little over medium height, somewhat slender, with sandy hair and whiskers, which only on his chin, and cropped short.

"I suppose you have come back among us 'fulfilled doctors'?" he went on to say.

"That remains to be seen, Mr. Arnold," said Warren.

He was not surrounded by the old men and young men of the neighborhood, each extending to him a kindly greeting.

Warren was a sort of favorite in the neighborhood, and all were glad to him back. Mrs. Arnold, and even her daughter, Miss Hallie, a sprightly little creature with a somewhat florid complexion and hair, and a face considerably freckled, came to him and insisted so earnestly that he should go home with them for dinner that he could not refuse. There was no preaching at night and he could go home with his parents then, so after the sermon was over he got into Mr. Arnold's carriage and sat down by the side of Miss Hallie, whom he had known since childhood. Miss Hallie did her best in her shallow way to entertain him, but a conversation on beaux and dress has but little attraction for a young man whose clothes still have the college smell upon them.

The sermon at night was far more impressive to him than the one in the morning. Mr. Blaze (old Blaze, blue Blaze and many other blazes, as he was called) took his text from Matthew the XXV. and forthwith verse:

"And the King shall answer and say unto them: 'Verily I say unto you: Inasmuch as ye have done it unto the least of these, My brethren, ye have done it unto Me.'"

His theme was charity, and every word seemed like an arrow sent home to Warren's heart. When he alluded to "the least of these," the thought of poor little Amos, crippled and helpless, and there seemed to raise above the minister a mist, which took the shape of an angel, the face of which was Helen's. He studied the sacrifice made by some noble women of the earth whose names he had never heard of, but inscribed in Heaven, and whose crown would be brightest

there. The sermon from beginning to end seemed inspired by the acts of heroic self-sacrifice of that girl. Mr. Blaze did not know there was such a person in existence, yet, to use one of Peddler Pete's characteristic expressions, his cloth was cut for any measure.

Why had he not before noticed that this real heroine was wasting her life for her little brother, was the thought that came to Warren's mind: "I will see my father and mother about it."

When preaching was over Mr. Blaze and his wife consented to go home with Mr. Stuart, and Peddler Pete being there, the wagon was full without Warren.

"Never mind me, father," he said, "it's only a nice walk and the moon shines brightly." The truth is, our young doctor preferred to walk alone that he might the better digest the discourses he had heard.

Pete insisted on walking in his stead, but he would not hear to it, and the wagon rolled on with its human freight, leaving Warren a-foot and alone. He started briskly down the wooded road, but had gone only a short distance when he almost ran against some one who was tripping lightly along before him.

"Excuse me," he said. "There was a timid acceptance of the apology, and the slight form drew back in the dark part of the road for him to pass.

"It is so dark here!" said Warren. "Very dark, Mr. Stuart," responded a voice, sweetly.

"I beg pardon, but is not this Helen?"

"It is, sir," was the timid response. "Were you at church?"

"Yes sir."

"And are now on your way home alone?"

"Yes sir, but I don't mind it. I am not afraid and the walk is pleasant."

"But you shall not go alone, Helen; I will be your escort."

"Oh, if you please, sir, I am not afraid," the girl said, timidly. "The moon shines brightly, and I do not want to trouble you."

"Nonsense, Helen, it's no trouble to me," he said, laughing, and he took her arm as if she were some great lady.

They walked on and began to talk about the sermon. Warren could not but contrast the depth of Helen's conversation with the shallowness of Hallie Arnold. As the timidity left her, she began to converse with a knowledge, surprising in a hired girl. Where had she learned so much? was the question our hero asked himself. As they came out into a more open part of the road the moon light upon her upturned face, Oh, how lovely it looked! The large, dark eyes were deep and bright. The unconfined hair was ringlets of gold, and the form, neatly, but not grandly, attired, was beautiful.

They were just in the midst of an animated conversation upon the sermon when the moon's rays revealed the real loveliness of Helen Lakeman. Warren Arnold never has forgotten, and we are assured he never will forget, that moonlight walk. He may have had other happy moments in his life, but this, the first dawning of a pure love, was the happiest moment of his existence.

He asked Helen why she did not go to church in the forenoon, and she answered that having to get dinner she did not have time. She only got an opportunity to steal away and hear the word of God after dark and done her day's work and put little Amos to bed.

"But why do you not go with mother and sister in the carriage?"

She made no answer to this and Warren bit his lip. There was room for the minister, his wife, and even Peddler Pete, but this poor girl, who was an angel on earth, after toiling all day Sunday, was compelled to walk a mile and a half to church. The neglect of his parents, however, had given him the blessed privilege of Helen's company, and he had discovered how precious she was to him.

We will not attempt to record their conversation. It was not of love, but love itself. Both knew it, both felt, yet both struggled against it. The old

farm-house was reached too soon, and he conducted Helen, much against her desire, to the sitting-room, where his parents and their visitors were.

Had a bomb-shell exploded in the room the astonishment of Mr. and Mrs. Stuart could not have been greater. Warren was sure there was a frown of anger on the face of his father, and a

strove to cool his own indignation. This was the weakest of follies, he knew; but then we are weak creatures.

After finding it impossible to restore the equanimity of his mind, he returned to the house. Now the dear old farm-house seemed doubly dear.

Had the question been asked Warren Stuart: "Are you in love with this hired girl?" he would undoubtedly have answered: "No," though he was willing to admit that she was beautiful, good as an angel, and possessed the most lovable qualities of any person he had ever met. Yet there was a certain pride in his nature, which revolted at the idea of his marrying a hired girl. This pride was not dead, and would have to be overcome before he could be induced to propose marriage to Helen; but it was numbed and might be worn down by any sudden torrent of feeling.

The next morning he was feeling dull and heavy. His brothers had long been up, and were feeding and currying their horses, while their breakfast was preparing. The minister and his wife were going to Newton that morning and Warren was the person selected to take them.

"I guess if yer goin' to town to-day I'll jist go 'long to take the train for Chicago," said Peddler Pete; "ye see my stock's runnin' low, an' I had better replenish jist a little."

The preacher and his wife sat on the rear seat. Pete, having asked pardon and got the permission to light his pipe, was enjoying a smoke during the morning ride.

The road to Newton was through a rich farming country. Sandy Fork was the most fertile portion of the State. On this delightful spring morning everything seemed fresh and lovely. The whistle of the plow-boy and songs of the birds made the air melodious. The fields, lately plowed, were black in the richness of their soil, the winter wheat and oats made them look like green canvas paintings. No picture could express the loveliness of the morning, for here nearly all the senses were permitted to drink in the glories of nature's loveliness.

"This is a grand mornin'," said Pete, who possessed not a little poetry in his soul, yet without the ability to express it. "This is a lovely mornin'." Do ye know, Warren, what it is?—dence ef?"

"No," said Warren, whose mind had been occupied ever since they started. The minister and his wife were talking and paying no attention to the men in the front seat. Pete noticed this, and leaning forward said, in a low tone:

"A certain little gal what works in a gentleman's kitchen to get a livin' for herself an' a crippled brother." The shrewd peddler winked and fixed his eyes on Warren.

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The latter are by far the most insidious foes we have because they are so cunning and so swift. You see a crocodile bathing in the river," said Mr. Stanley, with one of his graphic touches; "he is standing near the shore, laughing at you, perhaps, laughing in the keen enjoyment of his bath; suddenly he falls over and you see no more. A crocodile has approached unseen, has struck him a blow with its tail that knocks him over and he is instantly seized and carried off. Or, it may be that the man is swimming; he is totally unconscious of danger; there is nothing to stir a tremor of apprehension; but there, in deep water, under the shadow of that rock, or hidden beneath the shelter of the tree yonder is a huge crocodile. It has spotted the swimmer, and is watching its opportunity. The swimmer approaches, he is seized by the leg and dragged under and he knows no more! A bubble or two indicates the place where he has gone down, and that is all.—London Telegraph.

How to Build Chimneys.

To build a chimney that will draw forever and not fill up with soot, you must build it large enough, sixteen inches square; use good brick, and clay instead of lime, up to the comb; plaster it inside with a good mud with salt; for chimney tops use the very best of brick, wet them and lay them in cement mortar. The chimney should not be built tight to beams or rafters, as most chimneys settle a little, and if too tight between the beams and rafters, there is where the crack in your chimneys comes, and where the most of the fires originate, as the chimney sometimes gets red hot. A chimney built from the cellar up is better and less dangerous, than one built from the waist down. Get your stove pipe hole so close to the ceiling, eighteen inches from it.—Builder.

## HAZEL GREEN HERALD.

COOPER & HACK, Publishers.

HAZEL GREEN, - KENTUCKY.

### TO MY WIFE.

Lady, don't you hear the voices, gentle voices in the air:  
Like the waving of a pinion, like the pasting of a prayer,  
Like a song of singers dead,  
Like a dream of beauty hid,  
When we can not quite remember what the angel vision said?  
Oh, the voices of the Yesterdays! Time's melody softly throbs  
With the twilight singing minor and the dawn's singing air,  
With the clouds of glory round,  
And their brows with aridians bound,  
And a million golden minutes strewn like grain upon the ground.  
Ah, they must be up the river, and it can not be a dream,  
For the wind is blowing soft, my love, is blowing down the stream,  
And is waiting for your ears  
When you're listening spirit hears,  
Till the past grows dim and dimmer through the mist of many years.  
—And a little foam in white seems to rise beyond the rain,  
And a little hand to beckon and a little voice to complain,  
Then away to be a guest,  
And to sing among the Angels in the gardens of the West.  
For the little 't'ant spirit that a brighter angel bore,  
A dark angel challenged at the threshold of the door,  
And he bade it back again,  
As returns the morning rain,  
To the heaven o'er the mountain and the glory o'er the main.  
In his arms the angels clasped her, and as he turned and smiled  
He crowned you there, the mother of a sinless angel child.  
Ah, the beauty that she wore,  
Borne so softly on before,  
Just to learn the Heaven for "welcome" to that bright and blessed shore!  
But, Lady, 'twill be by and by, when June has followed June,  
And many a sad December night has played a solemn tune:  
When the snow upon your hair  
Forgetful to melt and linger there,  
And form so frail and tender in the old arm-chair.  
Then here's my hand, my dearest; we'll travel on together  
In days both clear and cloudy, in rude and rainy weather;  
Till the winter at the last  
Shall the shadows eastward cast  
And our lives and loves forever shall be blest with the Past.  
—Helen, P. Taylor.

## HELEN LAKEMAN;

—OR—  
The Story of a Young Girl's Struggle With Adversity.

BY JOHN R. MURKIN,  
AUTHOR OF "THE BARKER OF BEDFORD,"  
"WALTER BOWEN," ETC.

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### CHAPTER II.—CONTINUED.

"Did you never see a child with a crippled leg, and see how the poor little thing tried to fly and couldn't? Well, this child, good as he is, holds down that gal. Every cent she makes goes to support herself and the child." The breakfast bell rang, and Pete did not complete his sentence.  
That morning Warren noticed that the eyes of the hired girl, who was sacrificing herself for her crippled brother, were very large and blue, and her forehead was broad and high, and her features were regular. She was neat and tidy, and did not look at all like the sloven kitchen girls he had seen. Her hair was golden and neatly gathered in a net. There was a sweet sadness upon her face, which touched him not a little, when he remembered that all her earnings barely supported herself and her brother.

### CHAPTER III.

#### AT CHURCH—THE SABBATH WALK.

Warren Stuart regarded the girl as a commonplace mortal, and yet there was something a little more than common about her. He seldom saw her, save at mealtime, when she came in to wait upon the table. She knew a servant's place, and kept it. She was modest almost to shyness, and seldom spoke, never unless compelled to do so. Commonplace as he supposed her to be, he one day thought he discerned a poetic sadness in the large, dark blue eyes, as she stood like one in a reverie. The kitchen work at Hazel Green was no very small matter, and it required all her time and energy to accomplish her part. She was nearly always busy, and frequently when he saw that sad worn face, and tired little form, he felt a sympathy for her.

One evening after the day's work was done, he was passing the kitchen where Helen would insist on staying, and heard her engaged in an animated conversation with her brother. It was a simple conversation such as a child might understand about Heaven. Little Amos was asking his sister if he should be relieved of his infirmities there, and whether or not he would see his mother and father. The answers of the girl were low and sweet, assuring the little cripple that he would suffer no pain there, and would meet those who had gone before. Since his sister's conversation was, it had something about it which affected Warren.

It was Warren's intention to remain at home during the summer, and early in the fall seek a location to enter into the practice of his profession. It was now the busy season for farmers, and he did not meet many of his former friends and acquaintances. The second Sunday after his return was the day for preaching in the Sandy Fork school-house. The Methodist had taken this in one of their circuits, and sent Rev. Allen Blaze, a famous "gospel pounder" to preach there once a month. The school-house was about three-fourths of a mile from Mr. Stuart's and down the creek known as Sandy Fork. It was well hidden in the trees and the road to it led through the forest. The new preacher was very popular and his audiences were always large. Not infrequently the school-house failed to hold them and many stood outside at the door and windows.

Peter Blair, the peddler, had been his rounds and "dropped in" at the Stuart's the night before the Sunday on which Mr. Blaze was to preach.  
"You'd better go'n hear him," said Peter to Warren. "He's a regular stunner. I tell you. He can make things lively, too. His sermons are all wool, hand-made and warranted not to fade. You can hear one on Sunday, and it'll keep a ringin' through yer ears all the rest o' the week just like one tune at a dance. Besides, some-



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times he fairly lifts a feller out o' his boots. He raises ye so high ye can most git a bird's-eye view o' the New Jerusalem."

Warren consented to go, and the next morning the horses were hitched to the wagon, himself, his father and mother and sister got in and drove off to the school-house. The other two boys went on horseback, preferring a gallop through the woods to the case and comfort of any wagon or carriage.  
"Why, hello, Warren, how are you?" said Mr. Arnold, the moment he alighted from the wagon in front of the school-house. Mr. Arnold dropped the stick on which he was whittling to take Warren's hand. He was a man a little over medium height, somewhat slender, with sandy hair and whiskers, which were only on his chin, and cropped short.

"I suppose you have come back among us a full-fledged doctor?" he went on to say.

"That remains to be seen, Mr. Arnold," said Warren.

He was now surrounded by the old men and young men of the neighborhood, each extending to him a kindly greeting.

Warren was a sort of favorite in the neighborhood, and all were glad to see him back. Mrs. Arnold, and even her daughter, Miss Hallie, a sprightly little creature with a somewhat florid complexion and hair, and a face considerably freckled, came to him and insisted so earnestly that he should go home with them for dinner that he could not refuse. There was to be preaching at night and he could go home with his parents then, so after the sermon was over he got into Mr. Arnold's carriage and sat down by the side of Miss Hallie, whom he had known since childhood. Miss Hallie did her best in her shallow way to entertain him, but a conversation on beaux and dross has but little attraction for a young man whose clothes still have the college smell upon them.  
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His theme was charity, and every word seemed like an arrow sent home to Warren's heart. When he awoke to "the least of these," the youth thought of poor little Amos, crippled and helpless, and there seemed to rise above the minister a mist, which took the shape of an angel, the face of which was Helen's. He alluded to the sacrifice made by some noble women of the earth whose names were now known not to fame, but inscribed in Heaven, and whose crown would be brightest

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"The most dangerous savage foes we have to fear," said Stanley, the explorer, are the crocodile, the hippopotamus and the buffalo. We lost five men during my last visit to the Congo from these animals; three were killed by crocodiles, one by a hippopotamus and one by a buffalo. There are large numbers of the hippopotamus along the Congo and its tributaries, and thousands upon thousands of crocodiles. The latter are by far the most insidious foes we have because they are so silent and so swift. You see a man bathing in the river," said Mr. Stanley, with one of his graphic touches; "he is standing near the shore, laughing at you, perhaps, laughing in the enjoyment of his bath; suddenly he falls over and you see him no more. A crocodile has approached unseen, has struck him a blow with its tail that knocks him over and he is instantly seized and carried off. Or, it may be that the man is swimming; he is totally unconscious of danger; there is nothing to stir a tremor of apprehension; but there, in deep water, under the shadow of that rock, or hidden beneath the shelter of the tree yonder is a huge crocodile. It has spotted the swimmer, and is watching its opportunity. The swimmer approaches, he is seized by the leg and dragged under and he knows no more! A bubble or two indicates the place where he has gone down, and that is all.—London Telegraph.

How to Build Chimneys.

To build a chimney that will draw forever and not fill up with soot, you must build it large enough, sixteen inches square, use good brick, and lay instead of lime, up to the comb, plaster it inside with clay mixed with salt; for chimney tops use the very best of brick, wet them and lay them in cement mortar. The chimney should not be built tight to beams or rafters, as most chimneys are, but it should be too tight between the beams and rafters, there is where the crack in your chimneys comes, and where the nest of the fire originates, as the chimney sometimes gets red hot. A chimney built from the cellar up is less dangerous than one hung on the wall. Don't get your stovepipe hole so close to the ceiling, eighteen inches from it.—Builder.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)



## HAZEL GREEN HERALD.

PUBLISHED BY SPENCER COOPER.

Subscription, • \$1 a Year,  
Money to Accompany the Name.

SPENCER COOPER, : : Editor.

HAZEL GREEN, KY.:  
WEDNESDAY.....JUNE 16, 1887

### DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For Governor—S. B. Buckner.  
Lieutenant Governor—Jas. W. Bryan.  
Attorney General—P. W. Hardin.  
Auditor—Fayette Hewitt.  
Treasurer—J. W. Tate.  
Superintendent Public Instruction—  
Joseph Desha Pickett.  
Register—Thos. H. Corbett.

For State Senator—34th District.

**Hon. R. M. PIERATT,**  
Of East Morgan County.

For Representative,  
**JAS. M. OLIVER,**  
Of Menifee county.

### REPUBLICAN TICKET.

For Governor—Wm. O. Bradley.  
Lieutenant Governor—Mat. O'Doherty.  
Attorney General—John W. Feland.  
Treasurer—J. B. Parryear.  
Auditor—R. D. Davis.  
Supt. Public Instruction—W. H. Childers.  
Register—T. J. Tinsley.

There is an evil in this land that ought to be corrected. It is a crying evil. It is the custom of employing teachers to teach our schools just because they are relatives or friends of the trustees or of some influential patron of the school. Men cheat their own children out of their education in order to throw a few dollars into the hands of an unworthy relative or friend. This method is suicidal, homicidal and fratricidal. There is no reason in it. Yet hundreds and thousands of men are in this way defrauding their children. We can not have our children educated and refined without having educated and refined teachers. The stream does not rise above the fountain. The child will be what the teacher is to a very great degree; in a thousand times greater degree than the masses of men imagine. If our own people are not qualified to teach our schools, let us call for others to come. There are thousands who are qualified, but are standing idle "because no man hath hired them." They will come to us if we will support them, and we will get value received for our money. The County Superintendents should take a broad stand against incompetent teachers, and educate public sentiment to the true standard. Examining boards are holding a position that may be exercised for the elevation of society, by keeping out the incompetent. Let us have a revolution on this line.—Beattyville Enterprise.

We said in last week's issue that we would give some reasons why we thought a combination of the two schools at this place will be best. In the first place there is not a sufficient number of scholars in the district for two schools. Secondly the managers of Hazel Green Academy deserve the praise and patronage of all for the establishing of this school, and while we believe every man in Hazel Green is proud of it, we think they would better prove their appreciation by patronizing it in some way. Thirdly, we do not believe the free school building is adequate for the number of scholars in the district. The high school building is, and a combination of the two schools will give comfort and convenience, a better system of teaching, and a great many advantages which it is hard to enumerate, not the least of which is the school furniture and other paraphernalia pertaining to educational institutions. We would like to see an amicable agreement on some plan of action looking to the consolidation, and conscientiously believe it will redound to the benefit of all concerned. Let those gentlemen concerned in the welfare of each institution come together and do the best for the children's interest.

A gentleman from Magoffin informs us that the oil boom in that county is by no means dead. They are only waiting to test a well in Johnson county, which has been sunk to a depth of 1200 feet. It will be "shot" in a few days, and it is confidently expected that it will show a good deal of oil.

James H. Swango, Rollin A. Kish, Morris Pieratt and Mrs. Nannie Herndon left here on last Monday morning for Jackson, Ky., for the purpose of attending the commencement exercises of Jackson Academy, which took place Monday and Tuesday nights. They will return today.

J. R. TUGGLE,  
WITH  
**F. G. Ringgold & Co.,**  
JORDERS OF  
**Boots and Shoes,**  
93 and 97 WEST PEARL STREET,  
CINCINNATI, OHIO.

**NEW -:- STORE**  
**GOODWIN'S CHAPEL.**

I have just opened a FRESH STOCK of General Merchandise, purchased in Cincinnati, which includes everything usually found in a first-class country store, and will SELL AS LOW AS ANYBODY.  
Country produce taken in exchange for goods, and the patronage of the public is respectfully solicited.  
ALEXANDER TOLLIVER will be my salesman.  
Asking an inspection of my goods and the prices, I remain, respectfully, &c.,  
WM. TOLLIVER.

**THE WEEKLY**  
**LOUISVILLE COMMERCIAL.**

One Year, 75c.

6 Months, 40c.

**BEST AND CHEAPEST PAPER**  
Published.

**WILL S. HAYS, Editor.**

Contains the news of the world up to date of publication; Reading Matter interesting and instructive to every home; contributions to Music, Song, Art, Science, Agriculture and Commerce and

**Reliable Market Reports.**

**SUBSCRIBE! SUBSCRIBE!**

**Make Your Homes Happy.**

Sample Copies and Premium List mailed free to any address. Agents wanted everywhere.

**Louisville Commercial,**  
Louisville, Ky.



All orders sent to J. T. & F. Day and will have our best attention.

**H. J. CLARKE,**  
WITH

**Sievers-Carson**

**HARDWARE CO.**

637 West Main Street,

LOUISVILLE.

**WARREN & CO.**

Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in

**Boots AND Shoes,**

No. 611 Main Street, 10 Summer St., Louisville, Ky. Boston, Mass.

Represented by J. B. Blackburn.

**DUNLAP BROS. & CO.,**

WHOLESALE

Manufacturers of

**Saddlery, Harness, &c.,**

AND DEALERS IN

**SADDLERY HARDWARE,**

728 and 730 W. Main St.,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

Represented by BOB NUNNELLY

**BRINKLEY & GRUBBS,**

DEALERS IN

**STOVES, TIN-PLATE,**

**SHEET IRON,**

Tinners' Stock, Mantels, Etc.,

And Manufacturers of

**Plain, Stamped and Japanned Tinware,**

602 West Main Street,

AND 201 to 209 7th St.,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

W. H. GILLIS, WITH

**McCord & Aydelotte,**

WHOLESALE

**HATTERS.**

No. 613 West Main Street,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

**GEORGE E. TUCK,**

Louisville, Ky., with

**GREEN, HUFFAKER & CO.,**

Wholesale Dealers in

**BOOTS AND SHOES,**

415 W. Main St., LOUISVILLE, KY.

Invites you to call and see him when you visit the city.

**W. A. WORD,** WITH

**Harbison & Cathright,**

**SADDLERY,**

**HARNES AND COLLARS,**

705, 707 & 711 W. MAIN STREET,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

**JOE R. TURNER,**

Headquarters Mt. Sterling, Ky.,

REPRESENTING

**Green, Huffaker & Co.,**

Wholesale Dealers in

**BOOTS AND SHOES,**

615 W. Main St., LOUISVILLE, KY.

Will be at Mt. Sterling every County Court.

## The Baldridge & Hogan Saw Co.

Manufacturers of Best English Steel Circular and Long

## SAWS

—ALSO DEALERS IN—

Files, Gummers, Swages, Emery Wheels, Leather and Gun-Beltting.  
Our Circular Saws stand at the head of the market on their merits in workmanship, toughness and elasticity of temper and quality of steel. Also a full line of French Band Saws in stock of our own importation.

**LARGE CIRCULAR SAWS A SPECIALTY.**  
Work fully warranted and at Book Bottom Prices. Send for Price List with Best Discounts.

**7 Vine and 861 Water Streets, CINCINNATI, O.**  
Hazel Green, Ky., for new work, or saws for repair, will be promptly forwarded to us.

## 'Throw Physic TO THE Dogs.'

Said a great man, but why afflict the dog, if he don't need it? Yet many persons read an almanac where various diseases are described and symptoms given that will almost convince a WELL man that he is **AWFULLY** "out of whack," and they are ready to buy "Something to Take," regardless of real NEED. A diseased liver is the seat of many of the diseases of the flesh. That tired, nervous, restless feeling that goes to bed with you, and gets up as promptly as the rooster crowing, and sticks closer than a brother tells you that you NEED something to overcome it. A nasty aloec coated pill makes you gag to THINK of it. You can't bear the THOUGHT of it! Now, listen! We haven't any great discovery by Indians, but we have a SMALL sugar-coated Pellet that the most delicate may take, a combination of **VEGETABLE** remedies—the work of one of the best educated Physicians in this country—a formulae that we will give any Physician desiring it. If you NEED a LIVER Pill try these. **C. P. CALVERT & CO.**

Sold by all Merchants, (a13) CINCINNATI, O., Proprietors.

## TRIMBLE BROTHERS.

## Wholesale Grocers,

MT. STERLING, KY.,

Respectfully Invite the Mountain Merchants to Examine their Stock and Prices before purchasing.

## J. T. & F. DAY,

HAZEL GREEN, KENTUCKY.

## Wholesale and Retail.

Largest Stock. Lowest Prices.

Heavy invoices arriving daily, and stacks upon stacks of goods to meet every department of trade.

Live Stock, Country Produce and School Claims received in trade on notes, accounts or merchandise. **J. T. & F. DAY.**

## B.A. FAHNESTOCK'S

ESTABLISHED 1861. It is now nearly 27 years since this medicine was offered as a remedy for Worms, and from that time its reputation has steadily increased until at present it is the almost universally acknowledged remedy for all worms, and from that time its reputation has steadily increased until at present it is the almost universally acknowledged remedy for all worms, and from that time its reputation has steadily increased until at present it is the almost universally acknowledged remedy for all worms.

## VERMIFUGE

Having used the original "B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge" in my practice for many years, I have no hesitancy in recommending it as a remedy which is safe, reliable, and efficient in all cases where a Vermifuge is needed. **J. E. SCHWARTZ & CO., B. A. Fahnestock & Co., Pittsburg, Pa., Sole Proprietors.**

## G. B. SWANCO

—DEALER IN—

**GENERAL MERCHANDISE,**

HAZEL GREEN, KENTUCKY.

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

**Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, Ready-made Clothing, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Queensware, Tinware, Hardware, Table and Pocket Cutlery, Groceries, Stoves, and Farming Implements.**

In fact, everything usually kept in a first-class country store, and at **LOWEST PRICES**. Also, will take in exchange for Goods, or in payment of any debt due me, all kinds of Country Produce and Live Stock of every description.

# THE HERALD

Has a larger circulation in the mountains of Eastern Kentucky than any paper in the State, and merchants and others wishing to secure the trade of Eastern Kentucky, will find it THE BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM.

## Advertisements

Transient advertisements, 75 cents an inch first insertion; 25 cents an inch for each subsequent insertion.

**STANDARD ADVERTISEMENTS.**  
1 inch, 1 year, \$5.00; 4 inches, 1 year, \$15.00;  
2 inches, 1 year, \$10.00; 5 inches, 1 year, \$17.50;  
3 inches, 1 year, \$12.00; 6 inches, 1 year, \$20.00.

Special rates on larger advertisements: local notices, 50 cents a line, with 50 percent off for long time.

Marriage and death notices free; tributes of respect and obituaries 5 cents a line.

Announcements of candidates for State or District offices, \$10; County offices, \$5; calls on persons to become candidates and their answers, 5 cents a line. Payable invariably in advance.

SPENCER COOPER.

## Dissolution Notice.

The partnership heretofore existing between Cooper & Back in the publication of THE HERALD is dissolved by mutual consent. Mr. Back retiring.

Our Mr. Back having declined to enter the Union Theological Seminary and renew the prosecution of his studies for the ministry, has severed his connection with THE HERALD. All parties owing subscription through Mr. Back, are requested to remit same to him at Jackson, Ky.

## CURRENT TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

Mrs. Taylor Caskey has been quite ill for a week past, but is now convalescing.

I wish to buy a lot of fat sheep. Call or address HENRY F. PIERATT.

At a hog-rolling at Jack Wilson's on a short time seven copper heads and one rattlesnake were killed.

Mrs. Mattie Morse of this place left last Thursday for a protracted visit to relatives and friends at Paris, Tenn.

When you want to hire a horse or buggy don't fail to call at my stable.

H. F. PIERATT.

Mrs. Nannie Adams of this place is on a visit to her husband, John Adams of the railway mail service, at Louisville.

Miss Clara Day the accomplished daughter of N. B. Day, of French creek, was visiting relatives and friends in Hazel Green last week.

People coming to Hazel Green from Mt. Sterling should take the hack at Cornwell. The driver states that it will save him considerable time.

People who want a reliable supply of the superior horse radish sold by W. T. Caskey. He presented us with a bottle of it last week and we think it excellent.

Bill Lack was down from Lacy Creek last Saturday and Sunday, and reports the honey crop short. He also says services are scarce, but thinks the millinery will be abundant.

Rev. J. T. Pieratt preached at Rose Valley school house on Sunday last Sunday. He informed us that the people of that section have raised over \$200 for the purpose of building a church.

Rev. J. A. Vance preached at the Presbyterian Church in this place last Saturday night, and Sunday morning and night. He had good congregations at each service, and preached very interesting sermons.

Albert Fitts of Lexington is again with us for a short time looking after his lumber interest. He says the preparations made for the big Democratic barbecue at Lexington indicate that today will be a big day for Lexington, and especially for lovers of burgoo soup.

All surveys of county roads in this county who fail to put their respective roads in good repair at once, will be reported to the next grand jury, which meets second Monday in July. So you can take warning, and save trouble and expense.

G. B. SWANGO, J. W. C. C.

Henry Pieratt is still pursuing the even tenor of his way, and the while evening up for tenants and teamsters along our thoroughfares. The streets are beginning to remind one of the boulevards along the Champs Elysees in France, so smooth and level have they become.

Cooper & Herndon, a brand new firm, intend to buy and sell real estate on commission and would like to list all the lands for sale in this section. They will attend to all correspondence, do the advertising, and incur all the expense. If you have land to sell it will pay you to see them at once.

John Pieratt a few months ago commenced trading with an old spring wagon and, by paying a little "boot" now has a horse for which he has been offered \$170. He explains by the statement that one man offered him \$80 and another man proposed giving him \$90 for the horse—\$170. John's a joker.

Henry Pieratt last Friday presented us with a prosodist, shaped something like a kidney and weighing upwards of a good deal more than one would suppose, which we shall burst open for the diamonds hidden there. If it pans out as we anticipate we will at once build a railroad to Rothwell.

## A Preacher Plays "The Devil."

There was a strange sight witnessed in THE HERALD office last Tuesday. A well known and highly respected preacher all most instantly turned into a devil. We refer to Rev. J. T. Pieratt, who has for years commanded the respect and admiration of every one who had the pleasure of his acquaintance. He has always been looked upon as a model man in morals and a righteous man in religion, and this announcement may fall upon some of his friends like a thunder-bolt from a clear sky, but as a journalist we must mention all occurrences which concern the public well. No man has stood higher in our estimation than Brother Pieratt, and it is with feelings of forbearance and forgiveness, as becomes man to man and brother to brother that we indite these lines, but it has always been our custom to tell the truth in these columns. No one who ever had the pleasure of listening to his preaching and noticed the pathos in his appeals to the penitent to forsake his sins and follow the Master, ever dreamed that he could or would ever be a very devil. This makes it the harder for people to believe, but facts are facts, and as it is our province to do in products of this kind, we shall establish before any question or cavil that on Tuesday last he did turn to a devil, and a most powerful one has not been seen since the days of Gutenberg. Now for the facts and the proof which are as follows, to wit: On the day named we needed assistance in the office, and Brother Pieratt kindly consented to put the ink on the type, a work which has always been performed by one known in printer's parlance as "the devil." So the story's told, and if you were a little shaken up when you began reading this story, you can now abide, and be assured, that in so doing Brother Pieratt committed no sin, but on the other hand fulfilled the injunction, "Do unto others as ye would that others do unto you."

Uncle Billy Cox 83, living in the Cox Mill neighborhood has sent to this office a specimen of stone nearly smooth as marble and of a creamy color. It resembles soap stone in some respects, but is much harder, and is in the shape of a bone. Uncle Billy has had it in his possession for over fifty years, and says it is now the same shape as when he dug it from the earth.

THE HAZEL GREEN HERALD has been enlarged, and contains a large amount of excellent matter. The people should stand by this paper which is doing so much for that section. Mr. Back, who recently purchased an interest, has withdrawn from the paper to study for the ministry, and Mr. Cooper is left alone again. Sentinel-Democrat.

To those people of Mt. Sterling, Winchester, Lexington, Paris, Carlisle, etc., who contemplate visiting out town this summer, we would respectfully recommend that they come via the Kentucky and South Atlantic railroad, and take the hack from Cornwell Station. They will find it the cheapest, and altogether the best mode of travel.

## WOLFE COUNTY.

CAMPTON, June 10.—H. C. Herndon of your place has been in our midst this week. A. F. Byrd has commenced work on his new dwelling.

A. J. Taylor has been appointed by the town authorities as overseer of the streets. There is much for him to do.

Capt. Roberts of Louisville was in town this week.

Green B. Stamper will teach the public school at this place this fall. He is well qualified for the work of teaching, and with the encouragement and cooperation of the patrons of the school, he will conduct a school that will speak volumes for Campton.

Mrs. Sherman Shackelford of Devil's Creek has been very ill for some time, but she is at her father's, T. K. Tutt's, on Stillwater.

Wm. Lacy and Sanford Davis, the famous stock merchants of Morgan county, attended county court here on Monday. They bought several mules while here.

We had in our town a few days ago a very strange character. He was about twenty years old, had only one arm and was built deaf and dumb. He communicated altogether by writing. We have some very sympathetic people in our town. David Hogg said "Poor fellow, the good people of the town ought to do something for him."

James Williams spoke to him and said "How long have you been deaf and dumb?" and he said that he had been so about ten years. James said "what a pity," and gave him two small day books to write on. G. W. Drake, W. H. Tutt and T. M. Tutt arrested the fellow and he was soon restored. His hearing was restored and his tongue was enabled to use again. He was given to him and he was completely revolutionized. He was thought to be some one who had escaped from prison and was making his escape. He said that he was a detective, and was in hot pursuit of a man who had killed some one in Missouri.

SPREADING, June 10.—Rev. A. P. Jones of the M. E. Church sent preached for us Sunday morning at 11 o'clock. He is a talented young man and has won the confidence and esteem of the people.

W. A. Fulk of this place is visiting Lard Sabbath school every Sunday, and rumor has it that Willie is attracted there by the smiles of a certain belle of that place. His cousin John Fulk accompanied him.

Miss Addie Hanks is visiting friends and relatives in this place this week, and her presence is quite cheering to her many friends.

Miss M. A. Cox returned home from Campton a few days since, where she has been visiting her grandfather, Hon. C. M. Hanks, for the past week.

There was quite a number of our neighbor boys returned from a fishing spree Saturday evening with some fish. They report a good time.

Mrs. S. S. Shackelford is suffering much pain in her back in her old age. She is under the treatment of Dr. J. H. Stamper.

G. W. Wilson is very low with flux. Doctors think his recovery doubtful.

There are a few cases of measles in this vicinity, but none dangerous.

J. J. Tutt bought one milk cow of James Hogg for \$100. Jack says that it must be the cow that Neah had in his ark. She gives three gallons of milk a day, from which three pounds of butter are made. Some one beat it if they can, for age, milk and butter.

Born—A few days since to the wife of W. T. Tolson, a boy, Thomas Franklin. Taylor is stepfather. The father is proud as a young rooster with his first sprout.

Judge G. B. Swango, who recently returned from Hot Springs whither he went in the interest of his health, is now looking well and tells us he is also feeling well and has a good appetite. His return was very opportune, as our roads were becoming impassible in many places. He informs us that he will have them attended to at once, or see that the grand jury attends to the overseers at the July term.

STRAYED OR STOLEN—May 23d, from the farm of Bill Burton on Devil's Creek, one red and white pided cow. She is six years old, has a "heart" in forehead, and the brush of her tail is cut square off. I will pay any one a reasonable sum for her return or information that will enable me to get her. Address me at Campton, Ky.

JOSHUA ELAM.

Uncle Billy Cox 83, living in the Cox Mill neighborhood has sent to this office a specimen of stone nearly smooth as marble and of a creamy color. It resembles soap stone in some respects, but is much harder, and is in the shape of a bone. Uncle Billy has had it in his possession for over fifty years, and says it is now the same shape as when he dug it from the earth.

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J. T. & F. DAY HAZEL GREEN, KY. are Sole Agents for Eastern Kentucky for KEIR'S ROLLER MILL FLOUR, and carry a large supply of the following brands, TRIPLECTION, WHEAT EXTRACT, WHITE PEARL, PATENT ROLLERS, MAGNOLIA, ROLLER FLOUR, SILVER LAKE, ROLLER FLOUR, GLOBE, SUPERIOR, upon which they will quote prices and deliver at Hazel Green or Rothwell station.

## Smith P. Kerr,

Manufacturer of  
**Best Grades of Full  
Roller Flour.**  
AND DEALER IN  
**Grain, Feed, &c.,  
WINCHESTER, KY.**

Guarantee Satisfaction in Grade and Prices at all times.

S. S. Shackelford left for Devil's Creek on Monday last on business.

A. F. Fulk killed three black snakes last Saturday. One was five and a half feet in length, and the others four feet each.

Thomas Tutt sold to James Clark of Maytown, a 2-year-old steer for \$12.50.

Our Sabbath school is still increasing in numbers, and we think much work will be accomplished.

SWANGO STEINS, June 11th.—A. Newton Swango, his amiable and loving wife, and sweet little boy Tommie in company with Uncle Harry and Aunt Nan, started for Campton yesterday, where they will spend a few days at Campton's house.

Harmon Swango and son Ruthie will leave for White Oak this evening, to visit D. Boone May and lady.

Master Courtney F. Combs left for Campton yesterday, considerably benighted by the use of Swango water.

Miss Joe, Cecil returned from Stillwater Thursday morning, where she had been visiting her cousins, Misses Lou and Ella Cecil. She was delighted with her trip and kindly thanks "Annie" and "Igo" for the interest they showed to make her trip enjoyable.

S. Craig thinks himself greatly benefited by Swango water; and we are about to think so too, since he can walk to Daysborough and back in one and a half hours; the distance being nearly three miles.

Miss Lou C. Cecil of Stillwater is visiting at Daysborough and Swango House.

Rev. W. T. Eklar and father-in-law are guest at Swango House today.

Well "Guess Who," I would just give you a little advice in answer to your last—"Practice the doctrine you preach," and I will hear from you every week.

MOUNTAIN GIB.

COX'S MILL, June 10th.—Can you find space in your most valuable paper for another correspondent, to creep in for a few months?

Crops in this vicinity are looking well.

Miss Millie Cox returned home from Campton Wednesday, where she has been visiting for sometime.

Miss Laura McNabb visited the family of G. W. Cox Thursday.

Miss Ida Hanks is in our midst, visiting her sister, Mrs. C. W. Cox.

Master Willie Cox, son of G. W. Cox, has been suffering several days from a severe pain in his foot.

Master Frank Mannon has been very low with fever, but is thought to be recovering.

Edgar Kach has been engaged to teach the Sandfield school.

Miss Lula Nickell of this place is visiting relatives at Maytown.

Mrs. Mary Stamper visited the family of her father Wednesday.

Miss Jennie Stamper is recovering from an attack of the measles.

The family of Frank Gullett is suffering with measles.

Miss Millie Cox has been employed to teach the Hiram's Branch school. ANNIE.

I will buy some fat two and three year old cattle at fair prices. H. F. PIERATT.

All persons who have land for sale will find it to their interest to call at this office before selling.

## Blue-grass Farm FOR SALE.

As my whole time is occupied with other duties, I offer for sale at private contract, my farm,  
**Containing 145 Acres,**  
or if desired, will add 65 acres more to it. Said farm is situated in Clark county, Ky., 4 1/2 miles east of Winchester, on the C. & O. Railroad. There is a flag station at the lot gate, 100 yards from the house, and a side track about 200 yards below the lot gate. There is a comfortable dwelling house, good tobacco barn, stock barn and other buildings upon the place. Two good ponds and several springs furnish water for all purposes. About 25 acres is virgin oil land, except 50 acres, none of the place has been planted for 20 years. It is one of the BEST GRASS FARMS IN CLARK, and there is enough timber on it to fence it for 20 years. I will sell it at a bargain. Any one wishing to purchase a good and cheap home in Clark will do well to call and examine this farm before purchasing elsewhere. For further particulars, address  
C. B. FOX, Winchester, Ky., or  
SPENCER COOPER, Hazel Green, Ky.

## LOUIS STIX & CO.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

**DRY GOODS.**

—AND—

## NOTIONS

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Cincinnati.

JAMES P. FANT,  
WITH THE

**Old Reliable Hat House**

—OF—

**W. S. DICKINSON & CO.,**  
DEALERS IN

GLOVES, UMBRELLAS, ETC.,  
Corner Pearl and Vine,  
CINCINNATI, O.,

Will always be found ready to attend to the wants of the patrons of the house. Thankful for past patronage, you are invited to call and see us when in the city, and Uncle Jim (Jim) promises to put on his best coat looks when waiting upon you.

**G. H. Dean, Kite & Pollard,**  
Importers and Wholesale Dealers in

**Queensware,  
Glassware,  
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Decorated Dinner, Tea,  
and Chamber Ware,  
Northwest corner Pearl and  
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No. 29 Vine Street,  
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Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in

Men's, Youths', Boys' and  
Children's

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122 Vine Street,  
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## Boat and Shoe

MAKERS,  
HAZEL GREEN, KY.

Are prepared to make to order in a superior style and on short notice Ladies' and Gents' Fine Shoes and Boots, in latest styles and of best material. Repairing will receive prompt attention and prices on all work reasonable. Call and see our work.



# HAZEL GREEN HERALD.

PUBLISHED BY SPENCER COOPER.

Subscription: - \$1 a Year, And Must Be Paid In Advance.

## TIME TABLE

(Kentucky and South Atlantic Railway.)

(Standard time 22 minutes slower than Mt. Sterling time.)  
No. 1 leaves Mt. Sterling at 7 A. M., arrives at Louisville at 8:40 A. M.  
No. 2 leaves Louisville at 9 A. M., arrives at Mt. Sterling at 10:50 A. M.  
No. 3 leaves Mt. Sterling at 1:40 P. M., arrives at Louisville at 3:30 P. M.  
No. 4 leaves Louisville at 3:45 P. M., arrives at Mt. Sterling at 5:30 P. M.  
No. 5 connects at Mt. Sterling with 11:00 A. M. and 1:57 P. M. trains on C. & O. railway for Lexington, Cincinnati and Louisville.  
No. 6 connects at Mt. Sterling with 11:00 A. M. train on C. & O. from the East, and 1:30 P. M. train from Louisville and Cincinnati.  
6:58 Montgomery county court day special leaves Louisville on the 2nd Monday in each month at 7:30 A. M., arriving at Mt. Sterling at 9 A. M. Returning-leaves Mt. Sterling at 5 P. M., arriving at Louisville at 6:30 P. M.  
Leaves Louisville for Mt. Sterling at 5 P. M.  
GEO. B. HARPEL, Supt.

## LOCAL NEWS & CORRESPONDENCE.

Henry Pieratt will go to butchering in a few days if he can get suitable stock.

Taylor Whaley, who is now employed at Campton, visited his wife and home Sunday last.

Geo. Carpenter of Whitesville passed through here Monday, en route to Mt. Sterling with a drove of sheep.

Postmaster Evans and wife spent Saturday and Sunday last at Campton. They were visiting the family of Gov. Evans, John's papa.

We had two letters from the Cox Mill neighborhood this week, and regret that we had to leave out "Pap's" letter for want of space.

Levi Lilly, the old man spoken of in our last issue as being in a dying condition, died on last Monday night and was buried Tuesday.

We reproduce in another place in this paper, at the request of some of our subscribers, "The Dying Californian," a poem admired by all who have read it.

Capt. Robert's, the urbane traveling man of Carter Bros. & Co., Louisville, was in town Friday and sold several good bills. He left for West Liberty and Hazel on Saturday.

A new postoffice has been established in Magoffin county this side of Salersville, which will be called Hendricks. Harris Arnett is the postmaster, and H. G. Arnett's store is the location.

Master Thos. Clay Easterling, of this county, leaves today for a week's visit to relatives and friends at White Oak. The citizens of that section should see him while there and subscribe to THE HERALD.

Henry L. Godsey, formerly of this place, who has been attending Centre College was awarded two prizes at the end of the session just closed, and we know his friends all join us in making the statement that we are proud of him.

The citizens of Campton are trying to raise a fund of \$100 to cut down the McXabb bill and make a good road from Campton to Clay City. All the public-spirited citizens of the county should assist in the enterprise.

The following are the registers at the Day House:  
A. A. Combs, Breathitt county.  
A. D. Crouch, Bath county.  
Dr. Bruce Smith, Salersville.  
Mrs. Ada G. Day.  
Thos. C. Easterling, HERALD office.  
C. W. Howe, Mt. Sterling.  
J. T. Gevedon, Bonny.

The hack is now making regular trips to Rothwell Station from this place, and that the proprietors may be enabled to render good service, the public is invited to patronize this line. The fare to Rothwell is only \$2, and you are not annoyed with a horse to look after at the end of your ride. Overseers along the road should put it in good condition and enable the hack to travel it, and for other traffic.

The following are the registers at the Pieratt House:  
W. A. Lacy, White Oak.  
Thomas Foster, East.  
S. H. Edwards, Mt. Sterling.  
Wm. Clark, Cox's Mill.  
E. B. Fitch, Lexington.  
M. J. Wilson, Lee City.  
A. Fitts, Clarkston.  
Mary Drake, White Oak.  
J. G. Stair, Kankakee, Ills.  
B. E. Roberts, Louisville.  
W. H. Thompson, East Bernstadt.  
D. W. Rouse.  
John S. Jones, Eaton Rapids, Mich.  
J. A. Vance, Bristol, Tenn.  
Spencer Cooper, Herald office.  
David Moore, Hazel Green.

## BREATHITT COUNTY.

JACKSON, June 9.—The Sunday School Institute met Wednesday, 8th inst. Rev. Mr. Pollitt having been detained at other points did not arrive on the day appointed, hence the programme for the second day only was carried out. Bro. Pollitt is a fine speaker and good worker in the Sunday school. He has visited Harlan, Leslie, Letcher, Perry, Owsley, Lee, Knott and Breathitt, this being the last county in his district. He organized conventions in all of the above counties. Rev. T. S. Hubert read a paper before the Institute on Sunday School Festivals, which was a beautiful illustration of the festival work. The Institute requested him to furnish the secretary a copy of the paper for publication in THE HAZEL GREEN HERALD, Beattyville Enterprise and Central Methodist. Johnson Sheffield of Booneville is in town.

Harlan P. Wilson and Miss Lane Taulbee of Red River are visiting Dr. J. A. Taulbee, and will take in the entertainment.

Mr. Basilius of Mt. Sterling is preparing to burn the brick for Dr. C. J. Little's mansion, which is intended to be a handsome affair. Mr. Little is a judge of good work and a man of taste, and Mr. Rawlins seems to understand his business, hence we anticipate the finest house ever built in the county.

Stephen Hogz of Booneville was in town a few days the present week.

Alex. Patrick, infant son of George and Sarah Patrick, died this morning of infantile convulsion. The parents have the sympathy of the entire community. The burial services were conducted by Rev. J. A. Vance of the Presbyterian Church.

H. A. Raney and Sam J. Salzer of Mt. Sterling were in town the other night, returning from the upper counties, whither they had been on business.

H. C. West of Milwaukee, Wis., was in town and the county a few days last week, looking after his real estate interest.

Dr. Park of our town last accidentally shot himself in the knee. He is improving, and we hope he will soon be able to resume his practice.

Exposure to rough weather, getting wet, living in bad localities are favorable to the contraction of diseases of the kidneys and bladder. As a preventive, and for the cure of all kidney and liver trouble, use that valuable remedy, Dr. J. H. McLean's Liver and Kidney Balm. \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by G. B. Swango, Hazel Green, and J. N. Vaughn, Campton.

## LETCHER COUNTY.

WHITESBURG, June 6.—Our circuit court has been in session since May 16. We are having one of the most quiet courts ever held here. No disturbance, no disorder, no drunkenness. Our grand jury is doing good work. About 140 indictments have been returned to date, and the number will probably reach 200. The offenses are mainly liquor, concealed weapons, bribery, &c. The Common wealth's docket has been very large, and consequently but few civil suits have been tried. Judge Lilly is proving to be quite a terror to law-breakers. Eight convicts are now awaiting transportation to Frankfort. Sam'l and Elijah Wright, sentenced for twenty-one years each at the last term of this court, for killing Uncle Bill Wright, and granted a new trial, have again been convicted. This time they each go for five years. Wm. Wright, an abettor in the crime, has also been convicted and sentenced for five years.

Stephen Isom, charged with murder, was acquitted.

James Quillen, for hog-stealing, gets one year in the penitentiary.

Randolph Polley, grand larceny, one year. His has been quite a notorious career, filled with hundreds of offenses, many of them felonious. But he has been run in at last, and will now have a chance to learn a trade whereby he can earn an honest living for the rest of his life. His hair is growing white with "the frosts of many winters," and it is quite humiliating to see one growing old to be dragged to a felon's cell, when his old age should have been crowned with virtue and honor.

James Bates gets one year for robbing a store.

Martin Holcomb gets one year for aiding prisoners to escape jail.

George M. Venter gets one year for kidnapping. More anon.

## UNCLE REMUS.

Thousands of people suffer with back ache, not knowing that in most cases, it is a symptom of diseased kidneys and liver, which plasters and lotions cannot heal. The best and safest remedy is Dr. J. H. McLean's Liver and Kidney Balm. \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by G. B. Swango, Hazel Green, and J. N. Vaughn, Campton.

## Member State Board of Equalization for 10th District of Kentucky.

CORNWELL, KY., MAY 26, 1887.

TO THE CITIZENS AND TAX-PAYERS OF THE 10TH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.  
Your member desires to call your attention to some errors in assessing the property in this district, and more especially the lands. It is a custom in the mountain counties to list their lands at a fair cash value for the boundary a man claims. But in so doing they over-estimate the acres. The actual settlers always list their lands well, and the non-residents or land speculators are trying to get their lands in at about one-fourth of its value, and by this means the general average is reduced below a fair cash value on the whole county. I wish to call the attention of the county officials to this, and let the County Judge appoint men as supervisors of the Assessor's Books that will bring all the non-residents' lands up to a standard equal to the actual settlers, and when this is done all the mountain counties in this district will get a deduction on their lands. I know it is a custom in the mountain counties to guess at the boundaries of land. There is not one man in fifty that knows the number of acres of land in his boundary. It is bought and sold without measuring it. They say so many acres, more or less. And it is always over-estimated. A man will list 500 acres at \$2.00 per acre, as he supposes, which is \$1,000. Now make a survey of the land, and we have about 400 acres; many times even less. Now divide \$1,000 by 400 acres, and we have land worth \$2.50 per acre. I find that there are counties in this district listing as much as 200,000 acres more land than there is in the county. I find an increase this year in eleven counties over last year of 724,655 acres. Now, correct this at \$2.00 per acre and we have the sum of \$1,449,310 worth will say that the people have "thickened themselves with which they should not have done. I would respectfully ask the people to look well to their own interests, and in the future to not over-estimate their lands in acres, for, according to the workings of the Board, each county has to pay a fixed price per acre for all the land listed in the county; and when you over-estimate the acres you cut the average down and tax yourselves unjustly. It is enough to satisfy any man, if he will examine the report of the Board and see how the mountain counties list their live stock. This ought to convince them that they list their land at a fair cash value. If you will please examine the Assessor's books of the bluegrass counties, and then compare them with the mountain counties, you will readily see that a man with a tract of land of 100 to 200 acres, two horses, one yoke of work cattle, two cows, ten hogs and fifteen sheep will list his property at what he will take for it in cash. Now, take a man with 500 acres of bluegrass land, and it will be sold. He will list his property at about half he will sell it for. I hope to be able to see the most of the County Assessors before they begin their work this fall in this district, and have a talk with them about their duties to the people and to themselves. I said publicly in the halls at Frankfort, to the members of the Board, that there was not one man in fifty that could tell the number of acres he has in his boundary, and I further said they did not know that the acres had anything to do with the list, but they always list it at what it is worth without regard to acres. I will say in conclusion, do not over-estimate the acres of land when you don't know the number of acres. Get down, so you get a true list of acres as well as a true value of the boundary. I am, very respectfully yours, ALFRED COMBS.

## KNOTT COUNTY.

HINDMAN, June 1.—Having made an arrangement to act as correspondent and agent to your paper from this locality, I thought I would make the attempt, hoping you will bear with me in my awkwardness.

There is quite a boom in this section in lands, mineral and timber. The vast amount of coal, mineral and timber in our county is attracting the attention of Eastern capitalists, and I think in time will rank here among the wealthiest counties in the State. There are several real estate agents in our county buying coal, mineral and timber lands for New York capitalists. Several of our citizens have mineral fever, among them J. M. Bailey N. G. Bailey, T. C. Hagins, R. S. May and Leslie Johnson.

We have a nice little village and more pretty girls than you can shake a stick at. A Sunday school recently organized in the town has quite a good attendance. The Knott County Sunday School Union has been organized with H. F. Johnson president, Geo. Clark vice-president, F. Allen secretary, and P. M. Duke and A. J. Coburn executive committee. There will be a County Sunday school convention held at Hindman on the 4th Saturday in this month.

The people here are busily making preparations for circuit court, which convenes on the 6th inst. Several parties having business in the court feel a sickening sensation at the thought of its near approach. They know their election is sure.

Ex-County Judge of Knott, D. W. Calhoun, died on the 29th of May, at his residence one mile from Hindman court house. He leaves a wife and many friends to mourn their loss.

## HICKORY.

When nature fails and requires help recruit her enfeebled energies with Dr. J. H. McLean's Strengthening Cordial and Blood Purifier. \$1.00 per bottle. Sold by G. B. Swango, Hazel Green, and J. N. Vaughn, Campton.

## MORGAN COUNTY.

EZEL, June 10th.—Died—On the 9th at this place, wife of A. H. Burges. She had been in poor health for several years. Miles Oakley from the West is visiting relatives and friends in this section.

Charlie and Frank Sample, who have been at Knoxville, Tenn., a short time, returned home this week to see their father, who has been sick for sometime but is now improving. They will return to Knoxville soon.

John A. Henry is here taking pictures. John Fields, near this place, lost a good mule yesterday by getting its leg broke.

Miss Malley James of Wolfe county is visiting friends at this place.

Mr. Frank Sample from New Mexico is visiting relatives at this place.

Hon. R. M. Pieratt and wife and Q. C. Daniel and wife are visiting relatives and friends in Owsley county.

Mrs. Mary F. Nickell and Mrs. Adda Armsparger are visiting in Harrison county.

J. M. Pieratt has commenced the erection of the largest barn in this county.

Stephen Sample and wife of this place, who have been members of the Methodist church from infancy, will be baptised by Rev. D. G. Combs today.

Wm. Henry, while working on a house yesterday, fell and broke his arm.

## BLURT.

Sick headache, wind on the stomach, biliousness, nausea, are promptly and agreeably relieved by Dr. J. H. McLean's Little Liver and Kidney Pills. 25c a vial. Sold by G. B. Swango, Hazel Green, and J. N. Vaughn, Campton.

## TRADERS DEPOSIT BANK.

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J. M. BIGSTAFF, President.

W. W. THOMSON, Cashier.

JAMES CROHN. ANDREW FEELE.

DR. R. D. DEAKE. J. T. HIGHLAND.  
m341y

## NOTICE.

All persons wanting blacksmithing of any or all kinds, wagons made or repaired, lugs, springs, wagons, plows, stacked cutting corners, turning plows repaired, plows made and laid, loads, mules, and horses shod in the best style, call on TYLER & DAVIS, Hazel Green, Ky.

**MONEY** To be made. Cut this out and return to us, and we will send you a free, something of great value and importance to you, that will start you in business which will bring you in more money right away than anything else you can do. Any man who can work and live at home. Either sex, all ages. Send this new, that just costs money for important works. We will start you capital not needed. This is one of the genuine, important chances of a lifetime. These who are ambitious and enterprising will not delay. Grand outfit free. Address TATE & CO., Augusta, Maine.

**YOU** can live at home and make more money at work for us, than anything else in the world. Capital not needed; you are started free. Both sexes all ages. Any man can do the work. Large earnings start from first start. Costly outfit and terms free. Better not delay. Get this outfit to send you a year's advance and find out if you are wise you will do so at once. H. HALLETT & CO., Portland, Me.

## EZEL.

IS THE PLACE TO BUY Watches, Clocks & Jewelry Repairing a Specialty. Charges reasonable and work warranted. Respectfully, T. P. CARR.

## J. T. GEVEDON, THE JEWELER.

BEST GOODS FOR LEAST MONEY.—I am now located near BONNY, KY., and am prepared to repair WATCHES, JEWELRY, SEWING MACHINES, CLOCKS, &c. Charges reasonable, and work warranted. I handle the Best Rolled Plate Jewelry, such as Bracelets, Lace Pins, Scarf Pins, &c. If you want a solid gold ring, I can save you money. In fact if you want a silver or gold watch or clock, or anything in my line, you surely will save money by purchasing of me. I shall keep on hand fine Bibles, Photograph Albums, School Books, &c. I also keep for sale, Dr. R. B. Smith's Skin Ointment and Beautifying and Healing Soap. Just try this soap if you want your skin to look pretty. I also keep the best sewing machine oil and needles. I will attend the Hazel Green Stock Sales and the West Liberty Courts.

25¢ Any one trading with me to amount of \$10 at one time will receive THE HERALD one year as a present.

J. T. GEVEDON, Jeweler, Bonny, Ky.

## DO NOT STEAL.

But buy Kelly's STEEL. It is the most perfect made. Also buy STEEL horse shoes. They will outwear iron. And use STEEL nails. They cost the same as iron. For sale in Hazel Green by

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Livery, Sale and Feed Stable,

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## Drovers' and Traders' Headquarters.

The attention of horse and mule dealers is especially invited to our facilities for the handling of stock, and we invite all traders of Wolfe and adjoining counties to call on us when in the city.

## —THE—

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FOR 1887.

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